BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS, To whom all letters on business must be addressed.

JAS. FULTON, Editor ... A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor Terms of Subscription. Weekly, one year, invariably in advance, ...

aily

Any person sending us five NEW subscrib ers, accom panied with the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive he sixth copy gratis fer one year.

All persons subscribing for this paper since the 29th of October, 1857, will have their papers discontinued on expiration of the time paid for. All former subscribers can some under this rule, if they desire to do so. come under this rule, if they desire to do so.

Wilmington Journal.

VOL. 16.

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 22, 1859.

NO. 17.

Professional and Business Cards.

JOHN F. HERRING, TNSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C., Will attend promptly to all business in above line entrusted to his care.

Office on North Water Street, over H. Vol.Glaghn's Store.

December 8th, 1859—15-tf.

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY, No. 45 MARKET STREET.

A full stock of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Glass

Hair Brushes, Paint Brusees, Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, Landreth's Garden Seeds, &c., &c., constantly on hand.
The attention of Physicians is especially called to the stock of Medicines, which are warranted as being pure.
November 25, 1859.

J. H. ROZAN,

MENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,

WILMINGTON, N. C., Will attend promptly to the collection of all Accounts Notes, &c., entrusted to his care, for a reasonable commis

sion; and will attend all Courts in the adjoining Counties He also continues the Agency for the sale of Books, Newspapers, Periodicals, &c. November 18, 1859—12-tf. W. H. TURLINGTON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Will give prompt and personal attention to all consignments of SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TIM-BER, COTTON, FLOUR, and other country produce, either for sale or shipment. My wharf and warehouses being conveniently located for the reception of produce, either by Railroad or River, ena-

bles me to make charges light. REFERS TO
H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington. John Dawson, Pres't Branch Bank of N. C., Wilmington, W. H. James, Cashier Branch Bank of Cape Fear, Raleigh

C. POLVOGT.

T PHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER, CORNER PRINCESS AND FRONT STREETS, WILMINGTON, N. C. Keeps always on hand and manufactures to order any article in the UPHOLSTERING LINE; also, a large assortment of PAPER HANGINGS, which are put up at short

WILMINGTON BOOK BINDERY. (Basement of New "Journal Building.")
P. HEINSBERGER, PROPRIETOR. PARTICULAR ATTENTION paid to the Binding of Periodicals, also Music, Law and Medical Books. All kind of Ruling executed with neatness and despatch; and Blankbooks of any pat-

tern manufactured at reasonable prices. H AVE THIS day entered into Co-partnership for the purpose of transacting the COMMISSION AND FORWARDING BUSINESS, in all its branches, in Wilmington, and will give prompt personal attention to all business en-

Liberal cash advances will be made on consignments of Office on North Water street, over H. VonGlahn's JOHN W. OWEN. G. S. YARBROUGH.

Wilmington, Oct. 20, 1859-8-1y. EDWIN A. KEITH, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C. Offers his services to Planters as Factor or Agent for the His Commission for selling Cotton will be 50 cents per bale, no additional charge will be made. Cotton forwarded to New York for 10 cents per bale.

JOHN MCLAURIN. T. M. SMITH, SMITH & McLAURIN, OMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

JOHN DAWSON, Esq., Mayor. E. P. Hall, Esq., President Branch Bank State N. C. THOMAS W. PLAYER,

I NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C. Office in M. McInnis' Store, North Water Street. September 23, 1859-4-1y

INSPECTOR OF TIMBER AND LUMBER,

OMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 6 South Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
50

ALDERMAN & BETIENCOURT,
THOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
No. 32 North Water Street. Orders for Goods accompanied by the cash, or from

PORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILLIAM D. MAHN,
INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Will pay strict attention to all business entrusted to his care, and solicits a share of public patronage.

Office in Hall's building, No. 43, (up stairs,) North Water st COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN LIME, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, Hair, &c.,

Prompt personal attention given to consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton or other Country Produce, for sale or shipment. [April 1, 1859-31tf I NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Solicits the patronage of his country friends, and all others engaged in the Turpentine business. rs engaged in the Turpentine pusiness.

**POffice opposite No. 47, North Water Street.

68-1y-w.

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, April 4, 1859.—[31-tf. WILMINGTON, N. C NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON. N. C.

Will give prompt attention to all business in his line. Feb. 20th, 1857.

WHOLESALE AND RETIL DRUGGIST, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market sts., immediately opposite SHAW's old stand Wilming

ONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to take contracts in his line

of business. He keeps constantly on hand, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Plastering Hair, Philadelphia Press Brick, Fire N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest notice May 20—37-1y. WILMINGTON MARBLE WORKS,

Wilmington, N. C.

G. MILLIGAN, proprietor, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to make and put up to order—Marble Monuments of all sizes, Tombs, Head-Stones, Furniture Tops, Mantles, Hearths, &c., of the best quality of American or Italian Marble, not to be surpassed in style or workmanship, and as cheap as can be procured from any establishment in the country, North or South.

Iron Railing—50 different styles for inclosing family lots, from 75 cents to \$10 per foot, furnished and put up to order, N. B.—Orders from all parts of the country, accompanied Wilmington, N. C. N. B.—Orders from all parts of the country, accompanied by the cash or satisfactory reference, will receive prompt at tention; and all articles warranted to be as recommended, or

W. H. McRARY & CO., Ustreet, Wilmington, N. C.

H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. Col. John McRae, Pres't Bank Wilmington, do. D. A. Davis, Cashier Branch B'k Cape Fear, Salisbury, do. J. G. Lash, Salem, do. REFERENCES J. G. Lash, "Salem, do. J. Eli Gregg, President of Bank Cheraw, S. C. [Oct 17]

GEO. W. ROSZ.,

(ARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,

WILMINGTON, N. C. MRS. McCALEB'S HOTEL.

THE SUBSBRIBER would respectfully inform her friends and the public that she has taken the building on Chestnet street, below Front, South side, known as the ROCK SPRING HOTEL, where she will be prepared to accommodate permanent and transient boarders, at reasonable terms and in the best manner.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customers, and the public generally, that, having purchased of Mr. John J. Conoly his entire stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, &c., he still continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches, at the old stand of Mr. Conoly.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

PAINTS AND OILS. 10,000 LBS. Pure White Lead; 5,000 lbs. Pure White Zinc 500 lbs. Pure White Zinc, in Varnish'; 500 lbs. Silver Paint in Oil; " dry assorted; Spanish Brown; Venetian Red; Yellow Ochre;

Linseed Oil; Lard Oil; Best Sperm Oil: 300 lbs. Chrome Green, in oil and dry;
200 " "Yellow, in Oil and dry. For sal
and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,
5-tf Druggist & Chemist. wholesale and retail, by

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR!!

COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS! S ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MED-

ICINES now before the public. These Gums remove all norbid or bad matter from is a sure cure for Cholera the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the Morbus, and a preventive of Cholera.

Only one bottle is needed on the premises. stomach, causing food to blood, giving tone and health to the whole ma chinery, re mo ving the sause of the disease. digest well, purifying the the effects of medicine after One bottle taken for Jaunor unnatural color from the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure. ng a radical cure. Bilious attacks are cured.
One dose taken a short time before eating gives One dose taken a short

vigor to the appetite and makes the food digest well. ed by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator. of the Liver Invigorator. One dose after eating is One dose, often repeated. cures Chronic Diarrhæa in its worst form, while Summer and Bowel Com-plaints yield almost to the ufficient to relieve th omach and prevent the food from rising and sour-Only one dose taken be fore retiring, prevents A few bottles will cure only one dose taken at Dropsy by exciting the absorbents.

night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures costive-We take pleasure in re-One dose taken after each neal will care D as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever and meal will cure Dyspepsia.
One dose of two teaspoon.
It operates with certainty, fuls will always relieve Sick and thousands are willing Headache.
Only one dose immediate. to testi

All who are using it are giving their unanimous testimony Mix water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Dr. SANDFORD, Proprietor, No. 335 Broadway, N. York. Retailed by all Druggists. Sold also by W. H. LIPPITT, WALKER MEARES, and DRAKE & McLIN, Wilmington, March 24th, 1859.—30-1v



"Rosemary is an admirable stimu-SPALDING'S "Rosemary is an admirable stimulant; it will promote the growth of the hair, and cure headache. Purified Castor Oil is valuable for its noured Castor Oil is valuable for its nourishing and strengthening properties, and when they are skilfully blended, so as to be free from greasiness, and the injurious properties of alcohol and spirits, they form an invaluable and THE BEST REMEDY for all diseases of the hair and spirits, they form the hair and spirits, they form the hair and spirits, they form the hair and spirits are present for "I Christian and THE BEST REMEDY for all diseases of the hair and spirits."

whiskers to grow. 6th, to prevent hair from falling off.— 7th, to cure all diseases of the scalp. 8th, to prevent hair turning grey. 9th, to cure headache. 10th, to kill hair eat-

ture of the Proprietor—take no other—J. RUSS' LL SPAL-DING, 27 Tremont st., opposite Museum, Boston, Mass. Sold by WM. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington, N. C.

Rewards.

Black River Chapel, New Hanover Co., N. C., STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

WHEREAS, information hath this day been made to us, the undersigned, by the oath of C. D. Man. the undersigned, by the oath of C. B. Miller, that three slaves, bis property, (viz:) HARRY, SAM, and SIMON, hath run away and lies out hid and lurking in swamps, woods and other obscure places, committing depredations to the peaceful inhabitants of said State. These are in the name of the State of North Carolina, to require them, the said slaves forthwith to surrender themselves to their master or other lawful authority, and we do hereby order this proclamation to be published at the Court House door and two other public places of said county, and warn the said slaves that if they do not immediately return to their said master, it is lawful for any person to capture them by slaying them or otherwise, without accusation or impeachment of any crime. Given under our hauds and seals, this 25th January, 1859.

W. T. J. VANN, J. P., [SEAL.]

A. LAMONT, J. P., [SEAL.] DESCRIPTIONS: HARRY is stout built, black complexion, about 50 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, and weighs about 175 pounds. SAM is thick set, dark complected, about 30 years old, feet 6 inches high, and weighs about 160 pounds.

SIMON is stout built, copper color, about 26 years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, and weighs 170 lbs.

\$150 REWARD.

WILL GIVE A REWARD of Fifty Dollars for either of the above negroes, dead or alive, delivered to me or for their confinement in Jail so that I can get them. New Hanover Co., Jan. 25th, 1859

A COACHMAKER, accustomed to doing the wood work on Buggies, Waggons, &c. For a good steady workman, liberal wages will be paid. Apply to W. J. NEWTON, Harrell's Store, New Hanover Co., N. C. Dec. 15th, 1859.

FULL CASH PRICES FOR NEGROES.

ALL PERSONS WISHING TO SELL NEGROES, are requested to call on the subscriber, as he is determined to pay prices that will justify persons to sell. Please call on me or address me at Clinton, N. C., and you shall have the worth of your Negroes if you will sell them to me; and that without telling fibs, or that Negroes have fallen.

Aug. 5th, 1859.—49-6m*

Clinton, N. C.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

OF BUYING NEGROES. All persons who have such property to dispose of would do well to call on me, or address me at Warsaw, N. C. I will go to any part of either of the above named States after negroes. All letters promptly attended to.
August 26, 1859—52-6m. NORRIS FREDERICK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has taken the store formerly occupied by Russell & Bro., No. 30 North Water Street, where he has and will continue to receive a general assortment of GROCE-RIES, PROVISIONS, LIQUORS, and such other articles as are usually kept in a Grocery Store, which he will sell low for cash. Orders thankfully received and promptly attended

All Consignments of produce will receive prompt personal attention.

D. M. FOYLES. Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 11th, 1859

MAROLINA SADDLE AND HARNESS FACTORY,
No. 39 MARKET ST.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
THE UNDERSIGNED takes this
method of informing his customers.

For Sale and to Let.

VALUABLE COTTON FARM FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL, on accommodating terms, 360 acres of very valuable FARMING LAND, admirably suited to the cultivation of Cotton or Corn, situated in Lowndes county, Alabama, three miles from the Hickory Grove Postoffice, and ten miles East of the Pensacola Rail Road, in the midst of one of the most productive agricultural districts in the United States. Said tract has on it a good Dwelling with necessary out-houses, a good Gin House and Screw, and an inexhaustible bed of the richest Blue Marl, easy of access and easily hauled out—in itself a for tune to any one that will work it. Any one going South, from North Carolina, to buy land will do well to examine this place before purchasing, as I am satisfied a more valuable place cannot be bought for the same money. For further particulars address the subscriber at Harreli's Store, North Carolina. VALUABLE COTTON FARM FOR SALE. N. D. FENNELL. December 8th, 1859-15-3t*.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale, his plantation, lying in the County of Duplin, on the Fayetteville road, three miles from Kenansville. The tract comprises 778 acres, about 300 of which are cleared and under cultivation. On the premises is a good DWELLING HOUSE, TWO FRAME BARNS, and all necessary out-buildings.

Any person wishing to purchase, would do well to call and examine the above Lands. The subscriber can be found on the premises.

GEO. A. McCLAMMY.

THE MOST DESIRABLE PLACE IN ALL EASTERN CAROLINA for sale, containing about
I 1400 acres of Land, lying in the counties of Duplin and
Sampson, and within two miles of Faison's Depot. Those
wishing to purchase will confer with the subscriber on the GEORGE W. HUFHAM.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE IN HORRY DISTRICT, SOUTH CAROLINA. I OFFER FOR SALE the balance of the Real Estate, in this District, owned by the late firm of Barnhill & Perkins, consisting of about 4,400 ACRES excellent PINE, OAK & SWAMP LANDS. Amongst this is some fine Cotton Lands; if situated in Marion District, or any other Cotton growing region, would readily command \$10 to \$20 per acre. The above will be sold in one body, or in separate tracts, to suit purchasers.—
ALSO—I offer for sale their late residence, SNOW HILL.
This is a delightful place, situated on the bend of Kingston
Lake, commanding a broad and extended view of the same;
is in the plan of the town of Conwayboro'; has a lot of four is in the plan of the town of Conwayboro'; has a lot of four acres, on which is a comfortable dwelling containing five rooms and three fireplaces, together with Kitchen, Barns, Stables and all necessary out buildings. If desired, an adjoining tract of 100 acres of land, a part of which is cleared, balance well wooded, will be sold along with this place.

The whole, or any part of the above named Real Estate will be sold at a bargain, if applied for early.

To approved purchasers terms will be made easy.

THOS. W. R. ATV.

THOS. W. B. ATY,
Attorney in fact for Barnhill & Perkins. Conwayboro', S. C., Dec. 1st, 1859. 14-t1F. A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE AND TWO LOTS in this own can be bought low, by application to Conwayboro', S. C. Dec. 1. BUCK & BEATY.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE of the County Court, to me issued from November Term, 1859, I will sell, at PURSUANT TO A DECREE of the County Court, to me issued from November Term, 1859, I will sell, at the Court House in Elizabethtown, on Monday the 2d day of January, 1860, the Slaves allotted to George S. Cromartie in the division of the Slaves of James Cromartie, Court, upon a credit of six months, requiring bond with approved security. A. K. CROMARTIE, Commissioner.

December 1st, 1859. Scaip. Such is Mr. Spaiding's preparation."—[Christian Watchman.

SPALDING'S ROSEMARY AND CASTOR OIL

Is warranted, 1st, to beautify the hair. 2d, to curl the hair beautifully. 3d, to remove dandruff effectually. 4th, to restore hair to bald heads. 5th, to force the beard and whichever to good swamp Land, tolerable good Turpentine and such containing such as the such containing such containing such as the such containing such as the such containi ings about a Plantation in good repair. Persons wishing to buy will please call soon, as I am determined to sell. I deem it unnecessary to give a full discription of the Land, as those wishing to buy will examine for themselves.

J. F. CROOM.

LAND FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING DETERMINED TO
GO SOUTH, offers for sale his PLANTATION S25 REWARD.

I WILL GIVE A REWARD of twenty-five dollars for the delivery to me, or for the confinement in jail so I can get him, of my Turpentine Cooper, ISAAC.—He is well known in New Hanover, and is supposed to be lurking about Long Creek and Moore's Creek. He left me without cause, so far as I know.

H. McMILLAN.

Black River Chapel, New Hanover Co., N. C.,

on the premises are about for acres cleared and; quite a number of fruit trees; a small dwelling house and other necessary buildings, including negro houses.

To any person possessed of a sufficient force, this place offers facilities for making money rarely met with.

A further description is useless. Come and see for yourself. A bargain may be had, and no mistake.

J. G. PICKETT. J. G. PICKETT. VALUABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to go
West, will sell, on moderate terms, his PLANTATION in Columbus county, situated 36 miles
from Wilmington, on the Wilmington & Manchester Railroad,
and within from half-a-mile to one-and-a-half miles from the

der good fence, and in order for cultivation, and well adapted to the production of CORN, PEAS, COTTON and PO TATOES. If desired, two Plantations might be made, containing 300 or 400 acres each, of good productive land, of the whole might be included in one plantation, well situate

in one body.

The RANGE for Cattle and Hogs is unquestionably the best in the lower part of the State.

On the place is a New DWELLING, with seven comfortable rooms, Negro Houses, new Barn, and other usual out-houses. The stock would be sold with Plantation if desired.

GROUND PEA LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER being desirous to change his business, offers for sale a valuable TRACT OF LAND containing from eight to nine thousand acres, of which from three to four thousand acres are well adapted to the raising of Ground Peas. There are also on the tract some four hundred acres of swamp land of which about sighty are cleared and highly of swamp land of which about eighty are cleared and highly

The improvements are of the best character. For terms which will be made very accommodating, apply to
D. W. JORDAN, Little River, S. C.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale a TRACT OF LAND, about 30 miles from Wilmington, on the Man-NEGROES WANTED.

THE SUBSCRIBER is in market for a number of Negroes, for which I am determined to pay the highest cash prices. Persons having such property for sa e would do well to give me a call or address me at Six Runs, Sampson county, N. C.

JOHN BARDEN.

August 19th. 1859.

LAND, about 30 miles from Wilmington, on the Manchester Railroad, containing about 600 acres. There are 2½ tasks of boxes, perhaps 3. Much of the Land too is good for farming purposes—is cleared easily—and gives good returns. All necessary buildings on the premises.—

Terms easy. Address

H. W. FOY,

May 20, 1859—38-tf Green Swamp P. O., N. C.

LOOK UP, YE DISCONSOLATE.

NO ANY WHO MAY BE AFFLICTED WITH THAT dreadful and grievous malady called CANCER, or any thing of a cancerous nature, call at my residence, twelve miles West of Society Hill, Darlington District, So. Ca., and they shall have due attention. No cure, no charge for board or services rendered. In all cases I must know how I am to get my pay, after I have done the work.

Jan. 28, 1859—22-tf

J. O. HALE M. D.

FREUCH'S HOTEL, ON THE EUROPEN PLAN, CITY OF NEW YORK

City Hall Square, corner of Frankfort street,
(Opposite City Hall.)

Meals, as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory. N. B. Beware of Runners and Hackmen, who say

CARRIAGE FACTORY.

B. R. HOOD respectfully informs the public that he is still at his old stand in Clinton, where he continues to manufacture CARRIAGES, BAROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS AND BUGGIES. He is prepared at all times to execute work with neatness and despatch. He superintends all his operations in person, and guarantees that his work shall be as durable, as neat, and as cheap as any other establishment in the State.

He is now constantly employed in manufacturing and applying his new patent scroll springs, without which no buggy can be complete. These springs prevent the usual unpleasant motion, and add but little to the cost of a buggy and is of incalculable benefit, as they completely prevent that strain upon the other springs which has given rise to so many breakings. All who want an easy riding buggy will give him a call.

May 28th, 1858 CARRIAGE FACTORY.

Schools.

THE WILSON SCHOOLS. WILSON, NORTH CAROLINA. D. S. BICHARDSON, A. M., Mrs. M. C. RICHARDSON,

Aided by six Assistant Teachers and two Assistant Pupils.
'HE SEVENTH SESSION will be re-opened for the admission of Pupils on Monday, the 9th day of January, 1860.
For Circulars, apply to Mr. Richardson, or to
16-tF1

J. B. WILLIAMS, Private Secretary.

MAGNOLIA COLLEGE.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence on the 2nd Monday in December next, and continue 20 weeks. Magnolia is a village of recent growth, and is proverbial for health. It is situated on the Wilmington and Goldsboro', and contains a number of handsome and tastefully arranged residences, a large and well constructed Church, (M. E.,) and three good stores. As evidence of the liberality, enterprise, and intelligence of the citizems, they have erected a College building at a cost of six or seven thousand dollars. This building is located at a sufficient distance from the railroad and depot, to be out o reach of the noise and excitement produced by the passing of the trains. The Male and Female departments will be conducted separately, in different apartments, conveniently fitted up for that purpose in the College. The studies pursued in both departments will be such as are best calculated to develope the minds of the pupils; and the instruction in all cases, will be thorough. Particular attention will be paid to the moral training of pupils. In the Male department, students will be prepared to enter the Freshman class at the University. The course of instruction pursued in the Female denartment will embrace all the branches, both solid and MAGNOLIA COLLEGE. University. The course of instruction pursued in the Female department will embrace all the branches, both solid and

" Female " 8, 12 and \$16. Extra in the Female Department, Modern

Painting at the usual rates.

Board in the best families, including everything, \$8 per P. C. SHAW, Principal of Male Department. REBECCA SHAW, " Female " Duplin county, Nov. 21st, 1859

Jefferson Academy, Duplin County, N. C. WM. L. MILLER, M. A., PRINCIPAL. THE OBJECT of this School is to prepare young men for the University or any College, or for the active duties

Board eight dollars per month.

BEFERENCES.—Rev. Lewis W. Green, DD., Danville, Ky.;
Rev. J. R. Wilson, DD., Augusta, Ga.; Prof. C. S. Venable,
Columbia, S. C.; Dr. A. A. Rice, Memphis, Tenn.; Hon. Jas.
F. Dowdell, Chambers, County, Ala.; Hons. P. Powell & D.
A. Wilson, Lynchburg, Va.; Profs. Winston & Strange,
Richmond, Va.; Profs. Martin & Holladay, Hampden Sidney, Va.; Rev. Jno. B. Sheaver, Chapel Hill, N. C.; Rev.
Elias Harrison, DD., Alexandria Va.; Rev. T. V. Morse, DD.,
Richmond, Va.; and Caleb S. Hallowell High School Alex-Richmond, Va.; and Caleb S. Hallowell, High School, Alex

HIGH POINT FEMALE SCHOOL

Store, Duplin Co., N. C.

allowed to make accounts.

For further information, address the Principal. THIS SCHOOL will be opened again under the same corps of Teachers, on Thursday the 15th day of September

fore, and payable one half at Christmas, and the other at the close, viz: the second Thursday in July, 1860.

For further particulars a circular will be sent on application to

T. OSCAR ROGERS, Principal,
or to D. MA LARD, Sec'y. of Board of Trustees.
July 22.

the Superintendent, Col. C. C. Tew, Hillsborough, N. C. Jan. 27th 1858.

nary next. At the same time and place, the Negroes of the Estate will be hired for twelve months, upon the usual terms. Bonds and approved securities required.

Dec. 15-1t—17-tf P. MURPHY, Adm'r pend. lite. Such portions of the stock as the widow desires, will be

Sale to take place on the 5th day of January, 1860. Terms.—6 months credit, bonds with good security re-

THE UNDERSIGNED, as Administrator of the lat

Fear, where one of them can always be found. JOS. HANKEY,

No. 31 East Lombard Street, Baltimore,

FRONT STREET, (BELOW MARKET STREET,)

A PREPARATORY SCHOOL,

IN CONCERT WITH MR. HORNER'S ACADEMY, will open in Oxford, the 1st Monday in January next.

Mr. JAMES CAMPBELL, who graduated at Chapel Hill four years ago, and well experienced in teaching, will be the listructor in the Classical department. Influences all Southers.

ard Ancient Languages, each.......... 5. Music on the Piano, with use of Instrument, 20.

For further information address the Principal, Branch's

Dec. 1st, 1859.

Guitar, \$20; other Branches at reasonable rates.
TERMS.—Fifty dollars required in advance; the balance at the close of the Session. Books, Stationary, and Candles,

sold at the same time, place and terms.
P. MURPHY, Agent. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having qualified as Admistrator to the Estate of John M. Vernon, at the December Term, 1859, of Brunswick County Court, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of a recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

WM. VERNON, Adm'r.

I will expose to sale at public auction, at the dwelling of the late John M. Vernon in said County,
TWO LIKELY NEGRO MEN SLAVES;
ABOUT 40 HOGS; ABOUT 18 HEAD OF CATTLE;
SMALL LOT OF TURPENTINE, AND HOUSEHOLD
AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

puired of purchasers.

WM. VERNON, Administrator. Place of sale one mile from Hood's Creek Station on the Wilmington & Manchester Rail Road.

THE UNDERSIGNED, as administrator of the late Dr. Dortch, will sell, at public auction, in Goldsboro', on the second day of January next, IX VALUABLE SLAVES; five of them have been working turpentine six or eight years, and one is a first rate Cooper. Terms—six monts credit, with interest from date.

WM. T. DORTCH.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves together in the practice of the Law in the Counties of Bladen, Columbus, Brunswick, Sampson, and New Hanover. Office on Front street, second door South Bank of Cape

OLD LOCOMOTIVES. STRAMBOATS, ENGINES, BOILERS Copper Brass, Lead, Iron, and other Metals, HIDES AND PAPER STOCK, &c. &c.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE VICEANINI

Designed for the benefit, and as a warning and a caution to those who suffer from nervous debility, indigestion, lowness of spirits, want of aleep, premature decay, &c.; as a consequence of youthful imprudence, or the baneful habit of elf-abuse. At the same time pointing out the certain mean

of self-cure.

By one who has suffered from the above cause, and from misplaced confidence in medical humbug and quackery.—
Single copies sent (post-free) on the receipt of a stamped envelope, bearing the address of the applicant.

Address,

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,

Bedford, Kings County, N. Y.

Dec. 15th. 1859.

KEROSENE OIL THE NEW YORK REPOSENE OIL CO.
(ESTABLISHAD 1854.)
Announce that, having made great improvements in the

A REDUCED PRICE.

The attention of consumers is respectfully called to the subjoined table, the result of a photometrical examination, by ED'D N. KENT, Esq., of New York, Chemist, and dated Intensity of Light.
Quantity of Light
from an equal
measure of Oil.
Price of the Oil
per Gallon. MATERIAL. LAMP. 13.689 2.435 \$1 00 \$ 4 10 Kerosene Kerosene ... Lard Oil.... Solar.... Sperm Oil.... Solar... Burning Fluid.. Large Wick...

Reliable orders from the Trade, by Mail or Telegraph 93 Pearl Street, N. Y.
KEROSENE is also to be obtained at the Manufacturers'
Prices, of all the New York Wholesale Druggists, Grocers,
Camphene and Burning Fluid Manufacturers and Dealers in N. B.—KEROSENE is the trade-mark of the Kerosene

Oil Co., and all persons are cautioned against using said traid-mark for other oils.

Oct. 7th, 1859.

6-3

E. R. DURKEE & CO., 181 Pearl Street, New York.

SAPONIFIER,

CONCENTRATED POTASH. More than Double the Strength of Ordinary Potash A and at trifling expense. The cheapest article ever discovered for the purpose. One pound will make twelve or fifteen ga lons of good Soft Soap, or nine pounds Hard Soap. Printers will find it a superior article for cleansing type.—

It is perfectly soluble and free from impurities. LOR MAKING SOAP WITHOUT LIME, with little trouble t is perfectly soluble and free from impurities.

Broken in small lumps and put up in 1, 2, 4 and 6 pound Manufactured at the CHALLENGE CHEMICAL WORKS,

October 7th, 1859-6-1y. P. ARMSTRONG'S PATENT WASHING MACHINE.

Brookly, and sold by

LABOR SAVING—THE WORK OF THREE HANDS DONE BY ONE WITH EASE. without damaging them in the least, and all the Agent asks, to sell every family a Machine, is a thorough examination. I have the Rights for Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Duplin, Onslow and New Hanover counties. Any person wishing to see the Machine will please call at the Farmer's House, near the W. & W. R. R. Depot, where he will the please rain a thorough the please rains and the please call at the farmer's House, near the W. & W. R. R. Depot, where he

J. E. CALDWELL & CO., 822 Chestnut Street, (opposite Girard House,) PHILADELPHIA. NEW IMPORTATIONS.—FINE WATCHES.

PATEK, PHILLIPE & CO., Watches, in Geneva.
Charles Frodsham's London Time-b eepers, new series all sizes, in Hunting Cases and Open Face. ### Sole authorized Agents for above,
Gold and Silver, English and Swiss WATCHES,
Rich Jewelry, new designs.
DIAMONDS, PEARLS, and all the fashionable styles.

tailing no obligation to purchase.

** Uniform prices, in plain figures, and no variation

Winter Fastitons in Farts.
PARIS, November 23, 1859.—The bright, beautiful but wintry weather which has gladdened our unusually foggy capital during this month, has occasioned a pre-mature display of winter wrappings. The lakes of the Bois de Boulogne and the pond of the Tulieries gardens these fashionable promenades are enveloped in velvets and mantles are numerous. For undress, the garment generally adopted is the paletot, loose in the back, with a small cape and wide sleeves, or the Louis XV. Pelisse. The paletots are made of black or brown cloth, with gray striped cloth, is edged with brown velvet, and has appels and large brown velvet buttons. There are large eeves with cuffs, and the garments also closes at the sides. The medicie, made of velvet forms large plaits are decorated with lace and tassels. The sleeves form part of a sort of body which is attached to the cloak un-

preferred as a decoration for velvet garments. Among the novel tissues lately produced by the looms of Lions, the most recherches are the silks with plush medallions and embroidered borders. Silks of all colored grounds have a design of double wheat-ears. Silks of silks are made with a high plain corsage, and a rounded body and waistband. The sleeves are tight, and are ornamented at the top by a jocky, which is slit up in the middle, and edged with a ruche of ribbon to match the he can to make us comfortable." fastened on to the waist with large hollow plaits. The gros d'Amerique is a very thick woolen and silk tissue, always black, and without any wrong side. The moires

Death of a Catholic Bishop.

A telegraphic despatch was received in this city on Wednesday night, announcing the death, at Paris, of John Barry, the Catholic Bishop of the Diocese of Georgia. The intelligence was not altogether unexpected. It is believed that his disease was caused by the labors and responsibilities which were entailed on him by the duties of the office of Bishop of this Diocese. Many severe attacks of disease in former years had materially improved the service of impaired his naturally feeble constitution, and the last saltpetre and swab the hams with it; then add a table

Feasonable terms and in the best manner.

March, 4, 1859...152 lt. 28-tt.] MARY S. McCALEB.

Mic. Conoly.

Those wishing anything in his line, would do well to call add to call a sale of E. WHITMAN & CO.'S (Baltimore) celebrated AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND HOUSE POWERS, and sale of E. WHITMAN & CO.'S (Baltimore) celebrated are prepared to furnish the same at Baltimore prices with prices furnished by Milmigton, N. C., october 21, 1859.

Wilmington, N. C., October 21, 1859.

Milmington, N. C., October 21, 1859.

MILLIS & MITCHELL.

MIC. Conoly.

Those wishing anything in his line, would do well to call the down the firm and carmine before purchasing elsewhere, as he has a splendid stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES, WHIPS, and Baltimore prices will be paid.

A. HABT & JOHN C. BAILEY, PROFILIPOUS, COLLEMAN, for the purpose of Wilmington, N. C., under the firm and distock of SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES, WHIPS, by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box3 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themselves in tube or box4 old oak boards layer of hams put four sticks, macifiers by themsel

charged 374 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

Some no advertisement, reflecting upon private character,
can, under any cracumstances, be admitted.

The Union of Our Country. The means of maintaining and perpetuating this wide-spreading Confederacy of Independent States was the subject of the Rev. Mr. Chamber's discourse on Thanksgiving Day, which was listened to with deep interest, by an assembly filling every part of his large church. We find a report of his sermon in "the Pennsylvanian" of last Saturday, from which we subjoin a

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

few paragraphs:
After reading a part of the eighth chapter of Deuteronomy, and the second chapter of 1st Timothy, as the theme of his discourse, he remarked-" I have announced to you my purpose to relieve my heart of a burden that has oppressed me for a long time. I am an American citizen—an American Minister of the Gospel. I love this Bible. I love the God of this Bible. I love my country, its Constitution, and its laws. I am a man of peace. I have a heart for the nation. I love it from its extreme Northern verge to the utmost limits of its Southern boundary. I love it from the spot upon which falls the first ray of the morning sun, to that far-off manufacture of Kerosene, they are now enabled to offer it to the Trade at

A REDUCED PRICE.

West, where linger the last beams of the sun's evening retirement. I love it as a unit. I am ready to live by it as a unit; I am ready to put the blood of my heart fresh upon its altar rather than see it anything else than

"The worth of this Union to ourselves and to the world of mankind, is infinitely beyond price. No powers of arithmetic, no mathematical genius, however cultivated, can figure out the intrinsic value of this Union to ourselves and to the race. The eyes of the civilized world are upon us to-day. Fixed and steady is that gaze that comes from every quarter of the globe; it seems just to hover, in its burning look, upon this galaxy of States. The nations of mankind are watching us with special interest, because we are engaged in working out the great, the momentous problem of self-goverment. The finger of scorn has been pointed; the pen of the opponent of republics has been dipped long and deep, and has dashed rapidly across the page, de-

claring the impossibility of our success. It has long been my fixed opinion that the monarchs of Europe, and especially England, were jealous of us."

After citing some of the apparent developments of this jealousy in the history of our country, and the efforts made to divide us both at home and abroad, Mr. C. spoke of the solemn obligation resting upon all in au-thority, and also on every citizen, to yield obedience to the Laws and Constitution of the United States. To this duty we are bound by all the sanctions of our oath. He presented the solemnity of the oath in a clear light, of which many seem to think lightly, and then remarked:

"You may possibly say to me, 'But I am native-born. I never took this oath of fidelity to the Constitution and the laws.' But, my brother, your birthright holds you to that Constitution as solemnly as the oath Now, for example, the Constitution most positively and absolutely provides that a fugitive from labor. escaping from one State to another, shall be delivered up.

This is the Constution. I am not to-day touching slave-

ry, right or wrong. I am looking at things as they are.

This is the provision of the Constitution. If then, the

magistrate, the citizen, does not comply with that pro-

vision, when it is within his jurisdiction to do so-if he connives at its evasion, if he aids or abets the fugitive in his flight, he is before heaven a perjured man, and the With regard to the law, it is not my purpose to say whether that is a right law or a wrong law; but it is the law of the land. Every public officer is by oath, bound to obey it. No individual man has a right to ignore that law; while it is the law, you and I and all the citizens of this country are bound by it. If, therefore, we, as President, or judge, or lawyer, or magistrate, or naturalized citizen, aid or abet, countenance or encourage the violation of that law, or wink at its evasion, we are perjured. I defy mortal man to contradict this.

If it be not so, law is worthless, and an oath is a baga-After these general prefatory remarks, I now take up that question of questions, "Can this Union be perpetuated?" I answer, yes. By what means, then? By taking the Bible for our rule. This, as I have intimated, is the sheet anchor of our hope. If this be faithfully watched and guarded, the ship of State need fear Silver Ware, unsurpassed in style quality and finish.
Strangers visiting Philadelphia are invited to examine heir NEW MARBLE ESTABLISHMENT, a visit enno peril. The winds may blow, the political sea may rage, the wrathful waves may mount, the political heavens may gather blackness, the lightnings may flash, and the thunderbolts may be dashed down; but I tell you, if this Bible be followed, strictly, prayerfully, earn stly, no storm that earth or hell may raise, no tempest that crowned heads or despotic sceptres can invoke, will ever throw our ship upon the sea shore, or put out the

The Iowa papers give publicity to an extract of a let-ter from Edwin Coppie, one of the conspirators now un-der sentence of death at Charlestown, in which, like others of his companions in guilt, he confesses his folly and says he was deceived. The letter is addressed to his

mother and father, and proceeds as follows: " It is with much sorrow that I now address you, and under very different circumstances than I ever expected quilted silk or the Astrakham fur on the breast and cuffs.
The Largaliere is plain in front, but falls in large plaits behind; it has a small pointed cape, and the cloak fastens at the side. The manteau Tork, composed of a should. It would be a source of much comfort to me to should. It would be a source of much comfort to me to when I came to die, my last breath should be amongst my friends; that in my last moments they could be near to console me; but alas! such is not my fate. I am condemned, and must die a dishonorable death among my enemies, and hundreds of miles from home.

"I hope you will not reflect on me for what has been done, for I am not at fault; at least my conscience tells me so, and there are others that feel as I do. We were laces are much employed by our fashionable modestes as led into it by those who ought to have known better, decorations for cushmere and cloth cloaks and robes.— but who did not anticipate any danger. After stopping The Cambrel web, being more delicate in its texture, is at Harper's Ferry we were surrounded and compelled to fight to save our own lives, for we saw our friends falling on all sides; our leader would not surrender, and there seemed to be no other resort than to fight. I am happy that I was induced to raise a gun. I was not looking either a black or white striped ground have small bou-quets of roses scattered over them. Dark colored silks, with detached woven flowers or pekin stripes, is the newest description of material for day toilette. These

TO A " LOVER OF HAM"-I will give the mode which

I have practiced for a long time very successfully. The hams I cure, generally sell in Savannah at 15 to 18 cents and are considered equal to Westphalia. Kill the hogs before day, and when they are drained remove them to impaired his naturally feeble constitution, and the last attack found his system too much enervated to induce even hope of restoration to health.

Dr. Barry was born in Parish Olgate, county of Wexford, Ireland, in July, 1799, and emigrated to the United States about the year 1822. He was clucated at St. Peter's College, in Wexford, and completed his studies up the with salt and laid away; then away single, on boards.

The rext morning or the next night take up the hams. der Bishop England, in Charleston. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1825, and consecrated as Bishop of the Diocese of Georgia in August, 1857.

Dr. Barry was well and favorably known throughout of the fourth week; then hang them up to smoke. The South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, as having been identified with the Catholic Church for thirty four years as Pastor, Vicar General and Bishop. He was well educated, and highly regarded as a pious and worthy minister by Bishops England, Reynolds, and Gartland, and by the Catholic congregations generally; but outside of his religious associations, Dr. Barry was universally the hams by themselves in tubs or boxes old oak boards

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, DEC. 22, 1-59.

THE POSTAGE ON THE WEEKLY JOURNAL, sent any distance within the State, is three cents and a quarter per quarter, or thirteen cents per year. If not sent out of the county of publication, there is no postage.

On the DAILY JOURNAL, nineteen and a half cents per quarter, or seventy-eight cents per vear. Double the above rates when the paper is sent out of the State for any distance within the United States.

A Dissolution of the Union.

There was a time, not so very many years past, when the topic which forms the caption of this article was seldom openly referred to-hardly ever so referred to unless to be deprecated. We need hardly remark upon the striking change which the events of the last few years have brought about in this respect. It is now talked of as freely as any other political movement, but yet with a vagueness which shows how far the feelings of alienation between the sections have gone in advance of the calculations or predeterminations of either.

It dissolution is to come, it is surely a question how it is to be effected-how the details of severance are to be arranged, and by whom-whether it shall be done in such a manner as to avoid the terrible dangers of civil war, and yet give to each section its due proportion of the public property and of the burden of the existing

We prefer the word "dissolution" to "secession," be cause it expresses our views more accurately. Disguise the matter as we may, under whatsoever specious phrases we may select, there can be no concealing the fact that the dissolution of this Union would be a revolution of the most important character and consequences. It Orrell & Daily's line, of which Messrs. Allen & Clark ton Post, of Saturday last. The Post is a Democratic would be the death of a great political confederacy, the are Agents here. She is well fitted up for passengers, paper: abrogation of the provisions of a great political com- having superior cabin accommodations, and appears to pact known as the Constitution of the United States. | be well calculated for the river business; and under the That Constitution had in view the formation of a more perfect union. This movement would be in a diametrically opposite direction. It must proceed by means ing public.—Daily Journal, 21st inst. extra-constitutional.

To give dignity and efficiency to any movement it is essential that it should have the undivided sanction and support of the States of the section aggrieved-that this sanction should be expressed by some power or authority existing prior to and independent of the Fede ral organization; that is, that the State Governors and Legislatures are the parties, and not the congressional delegations. Congressional districts and district representatives, and U.S. Senators are all portions of the machinery set in motion by the Constitution of the United States-they are the creations and creatures of the Federal compact. They are parts of the Legislative branch of the Federal Government, and while they occupy that position they ought not to, and not to be ex- only man South of Mason & Dixon's line, with the exmeans and appliances than those appertaining to them as Federal Representatives. True, if any of them consider that such a point has been reached as renders it impossible for them longer to act in a representative capacity, consistent with their own honor or that of their State, they can do so by surrendering their trusts to the State, but we cannot think that it is within the sphere of the duties of a representative in Congress, or of all the Representatives and Senators in Congress, to do what can only be done by the States through their authorities and in virtue of their sovereignty existing prior to and independent of the Federal Government, of which Congress itself is but a part. We frequently think of this when we read some high sounding and indefinite

We have used the word dissolution in preference to secession, because we like it better-it is more definiteit says the thing at once, and because further, secession might imply a going out from the Union on the part of the Southern States, leaving the inference that the Union still remained behind, whereas in fact one section would have as much right to claim it as the other. We do not Mr. Morris. believe, until final action by the States, in any mere Congressional secession, leaving us still in a Union, yet without a representation even to record our protest against injustice. Shall our Representatives and Senators abandon the Southern soil upon which the Capital stands to to those who fight against Southern rights? Not surely until an efficient organization is formed for the more effectua protection of these rights.

How then should dissolution be best avoided, if it be possible to avoid it, or best effected if avoidance be impossible? Again we turn to the States. They, in the of the Raleigh Democrat c Press, proposes on or about States, such delegates being vested with positive authority for certain purposes, and the action of the Conven- months. Mr. Whitaker proposes to give the latest telshould be among the duties and within the power of this Convention to advise for the protection of the rights of of the word. all the States represented, even should a dissolution of the Union be deemed necessary to the furtherance of that object. It should also be within the power of such Convention to invite conference with delegations representing legally the States of the opposite section, to see if some fair and just understanding and arrangement may not be arrived at, in virtue of which the two sections can remain united, or failing this, how the details of separation—dissolution (not Southern secession,) may be most peacefully and equitably arranged. Of course, in the last alternative there might come a resort to actual hostilities, but this would not arise out of any direct attempt to coerce the South into a continuance of the Union

It is extremely desirable, in any event, to retain the full and cordial co-operation of all the Southern States so as to give dignity and weight to any movement-to ensure a peaceful solution of existing difficulties, and, in the event of a severance, to secure for the new Southern confederacy an extent and strength sufficient for the maintenance of national dignity and independence. To unrivalled geographical position is essential to any Southern confederacy. To securing these States it is essential that moderation be mingled with firmness, and that no hot-headed or precipitate course be pursued.

It will be seen that we have made little or no reference to any mere abstract theories or doctrines. We have not discussed the right of secession, because practically, we attach little importance to it, and could not recommend its exercise. In certain contingencies, it may become the duty of Southern States, to separate from the Northern States-to dissolve the Union, not to secede from it, because the latter expression would intimate that the North constituted the Union, and that we in leaving the North, left the United States, they being the United States, entitled to the rights perogatives and properties of the United States, so far at least as the property of the United States is concerned. This we are not prepared to admit. We think that a more insane act could not be committed than the secession of any one or two, or three of the Southern States. Then, indeed, all the advantages would be with our opponents We would permit ourselves to be ruined in detail. Any southern action should be taken unitedly and simultaneously, if at all. It must come in the form of a separation—a dissolution, not of a secession. It must be taken by the States, through their State authorities, not their

tried to make them intelligible. We have really tried will not catch at straws for hope.—Fay. Carolinian.

built in both sections.

We don't know that the Union will be dissolved .on its own account. But it is evident that the impresfor some other way in which we can enjoy them. Therefore it is that earnest minds turn to regard the question practicably-to look the thing in the face-to consider the ways and means, the hows and wheres.

Messrs. Joel H. Muse and A. D. Tumbro propose to commence, on or about the 10th of January next, provided a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained, the publication of a weekly Democratic paper in the town of Newbern, to be entitled the Newbern Enquirer. The terms of the Enquirer will be \$2 a on the 12th instant, aged 73 years. Mr. Deberry had year in advance.

We known Messrs. Muse and Tumbro, and we know them to be good, industrious, energetic men, practical plain, sensible, honest man, with no great ability or any printers, and number one Democrats, altogether worthy pretensions to brilliancy. He belonged to the old Whig formerly of the Luthern Church, was elected to elder's of the support of their party and the public generally. | party. We wish them the utmost success.

Kate McLaurin. A new steamer bearing the above name arrived here management of her worthy commander, Captain W. T. Evans, will no doubt be highly popular with the travel-

SPOILING THE EGYPTIANS .- A correspondent of the Charleston Mercury teloniously hints that until the members of the House can finger their salaries of three thousand dollars each, the subjects of King Faro (Pharoah) will suffer for want of the ammunition wherewithal to fight ye tiger. It is very dull in Washington Citysport is at a discount.

No South American—not one—not the first one -has cast even a complimentary vote for a Democrat during the whole present session of Congress, and vet Democrats, outnumbering these South Americans more than four to one, were expected to go with thirteen men judge.

Congress.

But little appears to have been done on Friday or Saturday. The Senate was not in session, and in the House but four votes were taken during the two days. At the last vote Sherman received 111; necessary to a a Black Republican. choice 115.

At a caucus of the Democratic members held on Saturday night, it was resolved to adhere to Mr. Bocock. compromise than their Southern brethren.

stands about the dam and lock at Red Rock on the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation. We do not even hint at any hostility to the work on the part of the Carolinian, we merely remark that that paper and the Probasing our remarks upon the information furnished by

"WESTERN ADVOCATE."-This is the name of a new paper just started in Asheville, by Henry E. Colton, Editor. Mr. Colton was formerly connected with a paper in Asheville, has a good deal of experience in connection with the press, is a good writer, is generally acquainted throughout the State, and ought to make an interesting paper-no doubt he will. Price \$2 in ad-

DAILY PAPER IN RALEIGH .- R. H. Whitaker, Esq., last resort, must decide. All the Southern Legislatures the first day of January, 1860, to commence the publishould appoint delegates to a Convention of Southern cation of a paper in the City of Raleigh, to be called " The Daily Press." Price \$6 per year, \$3 for six tion should be binding in the whole of the States. It egraphic news, reports from Congress, etc., in fact to make the Daily Piess a newspaper in the fullest sense

We have often wondered that some of the able and enterprising editors and proprietors of papers in Raleigh, had not before made a movement in the direction to wards which Mr. Whitaker's enterprise points. Raleigh has many advantages as a publishing point, and no doubt the Press will avail itself of them liberally and intelligent ly. We wish the Daily Press the utmost prosperity.

Almost a Row .- Mr. George William Curtis, better known perhaps as "Howadji Curtis," has left the profession of literature and turned abolition lecturer. He was announced to deliver a lecture on Thursday night last, in "National Hall," Philadelphia, on "The Present Aspect of the Slavery Question." His lecture was known to be of the most rabid and inflamatory character, and on the morning of the day of its delivery, a call appeared in some of the papers for the holding of a Union meeting in front of the Hall. The Lecturer enveighed against the Fugitive Slave Law, the Supreme Court, the South, the Constitution, everything. The Mayor had out five hundred police to repress any expression of do this fully, Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri and Vir- dissent from the traitorous and inflammatory doctrines ginia must be secured, or at any rate Virginia, whose of the incendiary speaker, but the crowd outside far exceeded that inside in numbers and enthusiasm. The trath is, that the audience in the Hall was composed only of rabid abolitionists, policemen and spectators opposed | There was no disturbance nor is it likely that there will to the whole affair. That outside was immense.

> On Friday a sort of Abolition sympathy meeting was got up at Assembly Buildings, but it was a small affair.

> Harper for January is on our table. Its illustrated are a continuation of the Holidays in Costa Rica, by Thomas Francis Meagher-Rural Pictures, by Porte Crayon-and A Pipe of Tobacco by -

The number appears to be interesting. Harper always wears an attractive look.

No PAY .-- It is said that the Secretary of the Treasury, refuses to pay members of Congress mileage and salary, although appropriated, on the ground that no evidence of membership exists till a Speaker's certificate is furnished. This may hasten an organization.

We look for a marked change of tone in Congress from that which had been anticipated at the opening of of the town. the session. The Republican members will "come down a peg" voluntarily, as indeed they show already an evident disposition to do. The endorsers of Helper's book are among the repudiators.—Wil. Journal.

The force of government being in favor of Cortinas. The force of government

We must contess that the Journal is more sanguine than we are. We cannot see where there is any hope. There were sixty-three signed the recommendation of our standard only three allege ignorance, and even these three do not ignore its doctrine. We

to think, if the thing is to be done, how it should be and The Journal is not particularly sanguine—it does not could be done with the least disturbance and with the attach any particular importance to the change in tone

When the tug does come, which we do not desire, it At the Curtis abolition lecture in Philadelphia will be found that a little plain hard thinking with a on the night of Thursday of last week, every person view to practical action will be worth incomparably who expressed disapprobation of Curtis' remarks in the more than all the high-flown elocutionizing upon which customary way of hissing, was arrested by the vigilant many quite showy reputations, or at least, notorieties are officers of the abolition Mayor and committed for examination on the charge of disturbing a meeting, contrary to the statute, etc. One man named Randall, a We don't think anybody else does. We don't want it son of the Hon. Josiah Randall, was thus hauled up for dissolved if we can enjoy our rights in it. We don't hissing the abolition lecturer. Alderman Swift, before believe, if put to a vote, that, exasperated as the South- whom the case came for examination, decided that the ern people justly are, they would yet go for dissolution meeting in question was not convened for religious, moral, social, literary or scientific objects, but that it sion grows stronger that we can not enjoy our rights in was called for an incendiary purpose. Those who atthe Union, and that, therefore, we must look to provide tended were charged for admission, and they had the same right to hiss or applaud as those who attend theatrical exhibitionss The charge against Mr. Randall was therefore dismissed. 'I here is some hope of returning seuse, but there will be more when the Northern people agree with the Southern people in classing abolitionists and Republicans together, as they ought to be

> Hon. Edmund Deberry, of Montgomery county in this State died at his residence in that county at different times filled a seat in the Congress of the United States and in the State Legislature. He was a

Even in Boston there are papers that speak out like they ought to do, against the outrageous nonsense and calumny that is constantly poured out against the South. last evening from Fayetteville. She belongs to Messrs. As a proof of this we copy the following from the Bos-

> It is time that the Northern disorganizers of our country had pressed home upon them boldly, calmly, the villainous sedition they for years have preached to their constituents. It will be seen that Senator Wade, of Ohio, fairly cowered beneath the terrible lash of Senator Ciay, of Alabama.— When charged with saying he would kick the South out of the Union, he first denied that his words were correctly rethe Union, he first denied that his words were correctly reported; and on being told that the report was in a Republican paper years ago, and asked why he did not then disavow it, he said that he was not in the habit of retreating in the face of the enemy!! Nobody can deny that in this en counter the galled jade winced. Will not down his cham from Ohio as a doughface? son told his Massachusetts constituents, "we have exterminated a few more miserable doughfaces from the North then. if the slave Senate will not give way, we will grind i between the upper and the nether millstone of our power." lumn_broadsides of newspapers_ filled with just such violence as Senator Clay charged h upon Wade or as we have just cited from Burlingame's reception speech at Boston in 1856. It has been the common talk of the agitators for years, and it is time the offenders were held up as they deserve.

On Friday last Mr. Gilmer received some thirty six votes, in which were, of course, included something Black Republicans to elect John A. Gilmer, about the like thirteen Black Republicans, in which category we place the anti-Lecomptons, Hickman, of Pa., and Haspected to do anything outside of the Union, or by other ception of Davis and Harris, of Maryland, that could get kins, of N. Y., both of whom had already voted for Sher-Abolition votes. What sort of compliment to Mr. Gil- man. Immediately on the announcement of the vote. mer is implied by this Abolition confidence let Southern Mr. Gilmer declined, and nominated Mr. Boteler, of Vir ginia, and then the vote for the South American candi date fell instantly to the point it had reached all alongsome 22 votes. At this next vote, Mr. Gilmer returned the compliment which had been paid him, and voted for one of the " Northern Opposition," meaning thereby

> Of course, every Democrat saw that this movement was simply a ruse, to place the Democrats in a false po_ that no "Newbern Methodist" wrote it. sition, and either compel them to co-operate with Black defeating the election of a speaker. It is worthy of remark, that immediately on Mr. Gilmer's getting so large The Fayetteville Carolinian of course under- a vote, he retired, and even if the Democrats could have been persuaded into voting for him, they had no further chance. Then Mr. Boteler got the old South American strength, and things went on as they had done. The trick is too transparent; it is like a good many other gress were mistaken in the extent of the damage-we things of Mr. Gilmer's concoction. It might fool a county court jury, or a cross-roads meeting in Guilford, but, like his clap-trap canvass of the State, it becomes ridiculously transparent when subjected to the scrutiny of intelligent men-in the view of honorable men. it is something worse.

Mr. Gilmer need not have been quite so scarey. He and his Republican friends might have played out their game more fully if they had chosen, and not made so hasty and undignified a retreat, for we are assured that. no matter how often the chance had been presented to them, the Democrats would have permitted themselves to have been roped in by no such bare-faced coalition.

Appearances are deceptive-white men are uncertain and niggers will steal.

We will illustrate the above original and sublime axiom by a reference to the Union-saving meeting held night before last in the city of New York. The telegraph reports the number present as high as 30,000, and the call for the meeting was signed by some 20.000 .-That was all very right-straight as a shingle, if not straighter. So we thought until we happened to meet up with a gentleman whose acquaintance with business men in New York was derived from a business residence there for years, and from him we learned that all is not and regretted that domestic affliction had prevented Mr. gold that glitters—that very many of the men and firms whose names flourished to this call were among the most rampant Fremont Republicans-Sewardites-men who have always and invariably voted and acted with the enemies of the South.

Again, look at the thing. The meeting, as if to show that it was only a make-believe affair, nominated General Scott for the Presidency. Now, for the General we have the greatest respect. He is the best man for the position he occupies, and the position he occupies is the best position for him, but no one seriously thinks of running him for the Presidency. He would have no more chance than nothing at all.

There are some very good people in New York-why shouldn't there be? but the difficulty is in so understanding the drift of things as to be able to attach to each movement and utterance its proper value, or to be certain that it has any value at all.

Cook and Coppie were regularly hanged Friday at the time set for performing that legal act .-

LATER FROM YUCATAN, MEXICO AND BROWNSVILLE .-New Orleans, Dec. 19 .- Later advices from Yucatan were received at this port to-day. The war of races was still in full blast, with little or no hopes of an early conclusion. Reports had been current that a decree had been issued authorizing the free importation of flour into the country, but subsequently it turned out that the report was erroneous, and that the monopoly had been granted to one house to import flour duty free for the

period of six months. The Picayune is in receipt of later Mexican news. Miramon, who at last accounts was at Guadalajara, had left that place for Mazatlan, and it is understood has operations for the present. Marquez had session of the remainder of the specie that was on board of the conducta recently seized. Troops belonging to the church party had entered Monterey and driven out their opponents, Degollada suffering complete defeat. The former at last advices was in full possess

Intelligence from Brownsville to the 14th, reports troops was estimated at three hundred.

THE UNIVERSITY .- At a meeting of the Trustees of office on Monday night last, the Rev. Andrew D. Hepburn, of Harrisonburg, Va., was elected Professor of
Rhetoric, Logic and Metaphysics; and the Rev. C. F.
Deems, of Wilson, in this State, was elected Professor
of History, and Elecution. These are believed to be ex
No. Hephysics and the Rev. C. F.
Branch President of the Chairthe South. Sir, my heart rises against this removal. I could be done with the least disturbance and with the greatest amount of safety. Abstractions and loud-talkings are among the most specious devices of the Circumings are among the most specious devices of the Circumings are among the most specious devices of the Circumings are among the most specious devices of the Circumings are among the most specious devices of the Circuming and ability—Raleigh Standard,

of History and Elocution. These are believed to be excellent appointments. Mr. Hepburn's testimonials as to his fitness for the place were very numerous, and of the charge is only in tone yet, in fact there is such a change, whether it amounts to location Office, whose motto is, "How not to do it."

North Carolina will make him feel that she has created to be excellent appointments. Mr. Hepburn's testimonials as to his fitness for the place were very numerous, and of the charge is only in tone yet, has much to draw him South; but of the State and District Conventions.

After the adoption of the resolutions the meeting was to his fitness for the place were very numerous, and of the charge is only in tone yet.

North Carolina will make him feel that she has created response to a call upon him.

From the Newbern Progress NORTH CAROLINA CONFERENCE, METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH_SOUTH

PRIDAY, DEC. 16-THIRD DAY. Conference convened at a quarter to 9 o'clock : Re-

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read

On motion, L. W. Martin, an elder, who passed examination of character on vesterday, was placed in supernumerary relation. A communication from Rev. Jno. C. Granberry to Dr. Wm. T. Smithson, with a note from Mr. Smithson.

on the subject of the Southern M. E. Church at Washington City, D. C., was read and referred to a commit-tee consisting of B. T. Heflin, Thomas Guthrie and R. P. Bibb. A communication from Dr A Means. Chairman

the Publishing committee of the Educational Repository and Family Monthly, accompanied by a prospectus of that journal, was read and referred to a committee of one consisting of Wm F Clegg.

B Nicholson and Wm Carter, elders, passed examination of character. The following local preachers were elected to the office of local deacor

Greensboro' District-Thes S Whittington and N G Whittington. Washington District-Edward D Hoover, Hezekiah

Farrow, and Jesse J Smith. Newbern District—J J Suydam Fayetteville District-James R Sikes. Paul Kistter, a local preacher, of South Iredell Circuit

The selection of place for holding the next session of Conference was then entered into, when Oxford, Salisbury, Winston, Washington and Louisburg were put in nomination, and on the ballot being taken. Salisbury

was selected The following resolution was offered by N. H. D. Wilson.

Resolved. That we respectfully request the Bishops to fix the time of our next Conference, if compatible with the general interest of the work, between the 1st of November and 1st of December. The resolution elicited some discussion, after which it

was amended by substituting, "about the 1st of December," for the time, and adopted. On motion, resolved, that the doors be closed at 12 o'clock and remain closed during the remainder of to-

day's session. On motion, resolved, that the future sittings of the present Conference be held in the Ann st. M. E. Church. The examination of the character of Geo. W. Heptinstall, a deacon of one year, who had been suspended from the work during the year, by a Committee appointed to investigate certain charges against him, came up, and the charges sustained, on his own confession. and he was, with manifestation of most painful feelings

on the part of the Conference, expelled. During the investigation of the above case a motion was adopted to postpone the hour of adjournment until the case be decided.

Conference adjourned at 5 minutes after 1 o'clock. The appointment for Williamston Harris to preach at the Ann st. Church at 3 o'clock to-day (Friday) was filled by Rev. D. R. Bruton who supplied the pulpit at that hour.

Reported Expressly for the Journal. BEAUFORT, DEC. 17, 1859-FOURTH DAY.

and N. H. D. Wilson. Rev. L. Rosser, Editor R. C. Advocate, was intro-

The Bishop alluded to an anonymous letter, signed Newbern Methodist," which he had received; denounced anonymous letters, and said it was improper for such things to occur. No such letters, speaking improperly of the appearance of Ministers, &c., should be sent him. Rev. Wm. Closs suggested that the probability is

Dr. Deems, (after seeing the letter,) requested Bishop to say that it had no reference to Rev. Mr. appointed that Committee. Brent, late pastor in Newbern. Rev. W. Barringer presented his report as Agent for

the Conference and for the Greensboro' College. Dr. Deems explained the necessity of a committee settle with Mr. Barringer. Messrs. Wyche, Nicholson and Closs were appointed

that committee. Mr. Heffin presented a report in favor of the Smithson project, which Dr. Deems moved to recommit so

that the report might be amended in its expressions. Mr. Pell seconded the motion, saying that the Virginia Conference had no more to do with that church than any other Conference: that it is a private affair, &c. Mr. Closs was in favor of striking out all about Southern Methodism in Washington, and make it a simple business transaction. The indications in the Baltiore Conference are such that, perhaps, it may be more rapidly done by that Conference than by Virginia, North

Carolina, or any other Conference. Dr. Deems' motion was carried.

President Frost presented the report of Wayne Female College. Referred to the committee on Education. The committee on Necessitous cases reported, making recommendations for appropriations. It was adopted. A report from Jonesville Academy was read and referred to the committee on Education.

A memorial from Wm. C. Stedman, a member expelled from the church, was offered. The Bishop in uired who was implicated. The answer was, Rev. T. S. Campbell. The Bishop allowed it to be read. was withdrawn to be brought in the form of charge of

A report in favor of the American Bible Society was presented by the Chairman, Rev. Wm. Hudson, and on

motion of Dr. Deems was adopted. Rev. Mr. Closs presented to the Bishop, the Rev. Mr. Speight of the Methodist Protestant Church. The Bishop presented him to the Conference. He made an address, expressing the gratification his Church had felt at the appointment of Mr. Closs as a friendly messenger, Closs from attending. It might have "broken the ice," if indeed there be ice. He said he was devoted to the good old Methodist character, that he was descended from a tamily which was among the first to welcome Methodist preachers in North Carolina; that his little Church of about 7,000 in North Carolina, had kept pure the earnest doctrines of Methodism; that as a body his Church cherished warm feelings towards the Methodist Episcopal Church : that they had no war to wage against it, and hoped a day of greater close-drawing was at hand. He closed feelingly.

The Bishop said—It is known that I have been upwards of 50 years in the ministry, and never had controversy with another Church; that his parents were Baptists, and could but speak respectfully against them —that he had long prayed that Ephraim might cease to envy Judah, and Judah to vex Ephraim. When your Church, sir, sought to set up its organization, I granted its right, and thought it should not be pursued. We have the same doctrines, and generally the same Institutions, and I bid you God-speed. I am of that class of men who believe the Methodist Church has enough to do to take care of its own business. I am glad to see you, meet you with pleasure, as representing one of the

wings of God's great army. Rev. Mr. Closs said that at the last Conference b was appointed to attend the Conference of the Methodist Protestant Conference, and he never had had a charge in which he more delighted In the providence of God, I was prevented from attending and tendering our fraternal salutations. He bowed to the Providence. He rejoiced that notwithstanding his absence, the Methodist Protestant Church had sent a representative and he hoped to see the day when the two branches of

the Methodist Church may be one. Much time was occupied in the solving of the statis tics by the Secretaries.

Rev. J. P. Simpson was superannuated. The Conference was ordered to draw upon the Treasurer of the Board of Trustres for \$108 for the superan nated preachers, and upon the Relief Fund for \$150 for the same purpose.

James D. Cuthrell was elected to deacon's orders.

Leave of absence was granted Rev. Messrs. Green Anderson and T. W. Moore. Rev. Dr. Deems offered the following resolutions which were seconded by Rev. Wm. Closs:

"WHEREAS, We have heard that the Rev. Peter Doub "WHEREAS, We have heard that the Rev. Peter Doub, D. D., has meditated a removal to Alabama,
"Resolved, That we should deprecate the departure from us of a man who for so many years has been as a pillar in the church in our midst; who had grown with the growth of Methodism in North Carolina, and who by his ability, learning and seal, and by his unselfish and most devoted spirit, has given character to the whole Methodist Episcopal church, South.

"Resolved, That if he can find it consistent with his in-

terests and sense of duty to the church, to reconsider his determination and remain in our midst, it will be most grat-

ties he may not readily break. What does our father want? Love? Let him rise and see the tide of emo tion which swells to tears in the eyes of old men and boys and the women who fill the pews of this church.

a quarter to 9 o'clock: Reby Rev. D. W. Doub and
boys and the women who fill the pews of this church.
Who does not love this great old soul? If he go to Alabama, the sight of him will inspire respect, and wherever
he moves he will draw love around him. But it will be the love of strangers. Does he want a home? Sir, while a shingle remains on my roof, he and his venerable spouse shall have its protection. I do not know how it strikes other men, but the sight of an old minister of the Gospel inspires me with a profounder purpose to be good. Sir, Peter Doub is one of the institutions of to join the main body of the troops on the field. The North Carolina! We cannot spare him. I cannot let him depart in silence. Ever since I was 14 years old I have been separated from my father. Yesterday you drew up in front of the door, with a carriage to conver restored him to me. (Alluding to reception of Dr. D.'s Sheriff Cambell and his deputies. father, Rev. S. W. Deems.) If Dr. Doub go, I feel as

if I had again lost a father. The above is a meagre report. The whole Conference rose to their feet in voting for the resolution. Dr. Doub endeavored to reply, and was overwhelmed in The religious ceremonies in the cell of the prisoners were feeling, and said " he expected to lay his bones in North

Carolina. Rev. Mr. Bobbitt announced the death of Rev. W I. Langdon, during the year, and that his mother and wife were in Beaufort. On motion of Dr. Deems the Conference requested Rev. Mr. Closs to preach the the jail door, and, with their arms pinioned, moved slow. uneral sermon next Monday.

Rev. Mr. Tillett was appointed Conference Steward place of Rev. I. S. Campbell.

Rev. Mr. Pell moved that collections be taken up i the month of April to aid the Education Society. was opposed by Mr. Nicholson, amended by Mr. Closs, left. The escort now commenced to move, and the and commented upon at large and earnestly by Dr. wagon was closely flanked on either side by a company

The motion was amended—that each preacher obtain \$10-and adopted.

BEAUFORT, SUNDAY, DEC. 18, 1859 .- FIFTH DAY.

In the morning the Bishop (Early) preached an Ordi nation Sermon, and ordained the Deacons In the afternoon Rev. Dr. Deems preached an Ordination Sermon, and the Bishop, assisted by Rev.

them on the field.

Messrs. Closs, Wheeler, Nicholson, Wilson and BarrinThe prisoners of ger, ordained the Elders. At night Rev. Dr. Doub

preached in the morning, Rev. Dr. Rosser in the afternoon, and Rev. Jno. Bayley at night. At Purvis Chapel, the following ministers preached Rev. Mr. Wyche in the afternoon, and Rev. Mr. Nicholson at night.

Monday, Dec. 19, 1859 .- SIXTH DAY. The Conference opened with religious exercises by Rev. Wm. E. Pell.

After reading the minutes, Rev. R. T. Heflin offered report in regard to the Washington City Church which was adopted

A Committee on Parsonages presented a report which Also, a report by Mr. Wyche, on Sunday Schools,

which was, in part, adopted, with amendments,-and other parts recommitted. The report of Rev. M. Hines, Agent for Wayne Fe-

male College, was adopted. The Committee on Memoirs presented an obituary of Rev. Enoch Moore. The Conference proceeded to organize the Sunday

The following officers were elected: W. Barringer, President; N. H. D. Wilson, Vice President; Rev. M. Jordan, Secretary; Ira T. Wyche, Treasurer; D. Religious exercises were conducted by Rev. L. Shell B. Nicholson, Closs, Pell, Lewis, Philips, Gibbons, Gannon, Selly, Pennix, Jno. A. Arthers, S. D. Wal-

lace, R. T. Berry, Henydilly, Managers. Rev. Dr. Deems was elected Vice President of the Parent Society in Nashville.

were put on file Rev. Wm. E. Pell offered a resolution for a Commit-

senger. Rev. Messrs. Pell, Heflin, and Deems were and apparent resignation had given way, and they now Hedman, of Wake County, and the action by which quiet, but joined with fervor in the religious ceremonies Rev. T. S. Campbell was passed and located, it was

moved to reconsider, in order to charge Mr. Campbell with mal-administration. It was withdrawn to decide some measure to prevent a trial for mal administration, and also to secure justice to the complainant. The Conference adjourned.

For the Journal.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Brunswick, held at the Court House in Smithville, on the evening of Monday, Dec. 5th, 1859, the following proceedings were had

On motion of Jesse Lancaster, Esq., Capt. John W. dalloway was called to the Chair, and Doct. Thomas Hill requested to act as Secretary. The objects of the meeting were briefly explained by

the chairman. On motion of John Mercer, Esq., a committee of three, consisting of John D. Taylor, Jesse Lancaster and Alex. Galloway, was appointed to prepare business for the action of the meeting.

During the absence of the committee, Julius W. Wright and D. C. Allen, Esqs., of Wilmington, responded to loud calls made upon them in able and eloquent At the close of these addresses the committee, through John D. Taylor, Esq., reported the following preambe

and resolutions, which were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted -viz: WHEREAS: The Democratic State Central Committee have recommended the assembling of a State Convention of the party at Raleigh, on the 8th of March, to nominate a candidate for Governor, and to select delegates from the Sate at large to the Charleston National Convention; Therefore

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be authori-Resolved, That three delegates be appointed from each Captains district, to represent this County in a district Convention, to be holden at such time and place, as a majority

of the Counties in the district may designate, to appoint delegates to represent this district in the next Democratic National Convention, and also to select an elector for this We suggest Wilmington as the place, and Tuesday of next for holding said Convention

tion of a faithful public servant, if we failed to express our hearty approval of the administration of the Hon. John W. Ellis as Governor of North Carolina. We warmly recommend him to the State Convention for re-nomination. Resolved. That recent events admonish us to be more than ever vigilant and alert for the protection of Southern rights We think the day of compromises has passed. A united south should d mind all her rights under the Constitution,

and submit to nothing less.

Resolved, That in our opinion the Democratic party.

founded as it was by the advocates of a strict construction of the Constitution, will be found in the future as in the past, true to the rights of the South. In the success of this party is our only hope for the South in the Union.

Resolved, That the Southern slave holder has the same right to take his save into the territories of the United ates, as the Northern man has to carry his Spinning Jenny. Both are property under the Constitution. It is the duty

Congress to protect both. This is the doctrine of Calhoun, affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States. And we hereby instruct our delegates to the State and District Conventions to vote for no person, as delegate to the Charleston Convention, who is not in favor of incorporating this doctrine into the Democratic platform.

Reolved, That the manly and energetic course pursue by Govenor Wise, in the recent infamous affair at Har-per's Ferry, is deserving of the warmest approval and thanks f every friend of the Constitution. We say, "well done thou good and faithful servant."

Resolved, That an Executive Committee, consisting of two members from Smithville district and one from each of the other captain's districts, be appointed to promote the inter

Under the first resolution the Chairman appointed the following delegates to the State Convention, viz: A. G. Powell, W. A. Robbins, N. B. Skipper, Dr. L. P. DeMott, H. C. Leonard, Jacob Evans, Benjamin Hickman, John D. Taylor, Owen D. Holmes, Rafus Galloway, Samuel Langdon, John Mercer, Jesse Lan-caster, R. W. Woodside, John Robinson, Robert T. Tharp, Dr. A. C. Tolson, Samuel Bel!, Henry Gore, Jabish Frink, S. B. Hughes, John H. Long, John H.

Hughes, Paul McCall. And under the second resolution the following persons were appointed delegates to the District Conven-

Dr. L. D. DeMott, D. M. Millen, N. B. Skipper, John D. Taylor, Dr. J. H. Hill, James Biggs, John Mercer, Joseph Davis. Samuel Langdon, F. M. Galloway, J. W. Woodshe, Joseph Stanaland, W. McKenzie, John F. Pigott, J. D. Pigott, W. C. Mooney, S. B. Hughes, John Morris,

The following persons compose the Executive Com-

The Secretary was requested to send a copy of the receedings to the Wilmington Journal for publica-

There being no further business, the meeting adjourn JOHN W. GALLOWAY, Chin THOS. HILL, Sec'y.

From the Baltimore Sun

Execution of Green and Coupland.

At half-past 10 o'clock, Gen. Tailiaferro, with his staff, numbering about twenty-five officers, having given orders to prepare the two negro prisoners, Shiels Green military then formed a hollow square around the jail, and the open waggon containing the coffins of the prisoners

The crowd of citizens and strangers was very great, at leas five times as numerous as on the occasion of Brown's execution, most of whom were already on the field, whilst others waited to see the prisoners come out. very impressive, and were conducted by Rev. Mr. North, Presbyterian, and Rev. Beverly Waugh, of the M. Church

At a quarter before 11 o'clock the prisoners, accompanied by the sheriff and Rev. Mr. North, appeared at ly forward towards the venicle in waiting for them They seemed downcast, and wore none of that calm and cheerful spirit evinced by Brown under similar circumstances. They were helped into the wagon, and took their seats on the coffin without looking to the right or

of riflemen, marching double-file, in lock step. At seven minutes before eleven o'clock the procession entered the field, occupied by the military, and the prisoners took a shuddering glance towards the gallows erected on the rising ground in its centre. In two minutes more the wagon stopped at the foot of the gallows. and whilst the prisoners were alighting the companis forming the escort moved off to the positions assigned

The prisoners mounted the scaffold with firm steps and were immediately joined by Sheriff Campbell and preached. At the Baptist Church, Rev. N. F. Reid Rev. Mr. North. After a brief prayer by the clergyman the caps were drawn over the heads of the prisoners and the ropes affixed around their necks. During the few moments they thus stood, Copeland remained quiet. but Green was engaged in earnest prayer up to the moment the trap was drawn, and they were launched

into eternity. Green died very easy, his neck being broken by the fall, and the motion of the body was very slight. Copeland seemed to suffer very much, and his body writhed in violent contortions for several minutes.

They were accompanied on the gallows by Revs. Messrs. Waugh, North and Lehr, to whom they bid an affectionate farewell, and expressed the hope of meeting them in beaven.

The bodies were placed in the poplar coffins provided for them, and carried back to the jail. They will be interred to-morrow on the spot where the gallows stands. though there is a party of medical students here from Winchester, who will doubtless not allow them to remain there long.

The negroes did not say much in regard to their fate. and devoted all their time to prayer. Coupland would have spoken on the scaffold had he been permitted.

EXECUTION OF COOK AND COPPLE

The bodies of the two negro prisoners having been brought back to the jail at about a quarter to twelve o'clock, notice was given to Cook and Coppie that their time was approaching, only one hour more being allowed them. The military movements, similar to those at the Rev. W. Closs presented the credentials and certifi- first execution, were repeated, and the wagon with two cate of location of Charles Parker, a local deacon, which more coffins was standing at the door at half-past twelve o'clock. The same military escort was in readiness whilst the closing religious ceremonies were progressing tee to prepare a fraternal letter to the Methodist Pro- in the cell of the prisoners. Since the failure of their testant Church in North Carolina, and nominate a mes- attempt to escape, last night, their assumed composure looked at the reality of their fate with Rev. Mr. Heflin brought forward the case of Mr. of its awful certainty. They were reserved and rather conducted by Messrs. North, Lehr and Waugh.

When called upon by the sheriff, they stood calm and quietly whilst their arms were being pinioned, and after bidding farewell to the guards of the jail, moved through the corridor to the door, and were helped into the wagon and took their seats on their coffices. Their appearance was rather of hopeless despair, than of resignation, and they seemed to take but little notice of anything as the procession slowly moved to the field of death.

A blue cloth Talma was thrown over the shoulders of Coppie, and a dark one over the shoulders of Cook.— Before leaving his cell Coppie gave an old slouch hat to Quaker gentleman from Ohio, stating that the dark one about to be put on him was a present from Gov.

During these proceedings Coppie was struggling to hide his feelings, and Cook was striving to be calm and collected. The Quaker gentleman remarked " It is hard to die," to which Coppie responded-" It is the parting from friends, and not the dread of death that moves us. On the way down stairs they were allowed to proceed to the cell of Stevens and Hazlett, and bid them farewell. They shook hands cordially, and Cook said to Stevens, "My friend, good bye." Stevens replied "Good bye! cheer up! give my love to my friends in the other world." Copple then made a remark to Stevens which was not overheard, to which he replied-" Never mind." Both then shook hands with Hazlett, and bade him good bye, but did not call him by name,

or show any personal recognition of each other. Emerging from the jail, Cook recognized several gen tlemen, and bowed politely to them. On approaching the scaffold Cook shook hands with a large number of persons, and bowed politely to Mayor Green. When he put his foot on the trap he glanced

up at the hook on which the noose was hung. The wagon reached the scaffold at thirteen minutes before one o'clock, and the prisoners ascended with a firmness that was scarcely surpassed by that of Capt.

On the gallows they shook hands and bid each other good bye, after the caps were drawn, Cook said "stop a minute, where is Edwin's hand." Cook said "God bless you," and Coppic said in a loud tone, " be quick as possible." Coppic's genteel appearance was the subject of general remark. The calm and collected manner of both was very remarkable.

A brief prayer was offered up by one of the clergymen, the rope adjusted, the cap drawn and both were launched into eternity in seven minutes after they ascended the gallows. They both exhibited the most unflinching firmness, saying nothing except bidding farewell to the ministers and the sheriff. After the rope was adjusted, Cook exclaimed-" Be quick-as quick as possible," which was also repeated by Coppic. After hanging about thirty minutes both bodies were

cut down and placed in the black walnut coffins prepared for them. That of Cook was placed in a poplar box, labelled and directed as follows; "Ashbell P. Willard and Robert Cowley, 104 William street, New York, care of Adams' Express. Coppie's body was placed in a similar box, to be forwarded to his mother, in Iowa. Cook would have spoken from the scaffold it permitted On their way to the scaffold the only remarks made by Cook and Coppie were in relation to the attempt to es cape. They made an applogy for any reflection that might attach to them through their conduct.

One of the ministers who attended on the prisoners nforms me that neither Cook nor Coppie ever made any direct profession of religion. Coppie was of Quaker descent, and Cook was a Congr gationalist in sentiment. Both, however, seemed he peful; and the minister's exhortation on the scaffold was to put their trust in the edeeming blood of Christ. The prayer of the Rev. Mr. North was appropriate, and was the only service

on the scaffold. The bodies of Cook and Coppie were taken to Harper's Ferry in a train which was waiting at the depot-The bodies of the negroes were given to the surgeons an

medical students. AGES OF PRISONERS.

John E. Cook was 29 years of age, having been born in Haddam, Conn., in 1830. He was about five leet seven and a half inches high, with light hair and fair

Edwis Coppie was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, and was 24 years of age, five feet nine inches high, brown hair and dark complexion. He had a stupid look, but was undoubtedly of a good intellect, and rather intelli-

Shields Green was quite a black negro, and but 22 years of age. He was born in Rochester, New York. He had rather a good countenance, and a sharp, intelli-John Copeland was a bright mulatto, with bead and rather straight bair. He was 24 years of age,

and looked younger than Green.
Stephens and Hazlett will not be tried until the May term of the court. FAILURE OF MESES. COOK & SARGENT, OF CHICAGO. -Chicago, Dec. 17 .- Messrs. Cook & Sargent, bankers, have closed their doors, owing, it is said, to the failure of their Boston House. the 8th inst.

Congress, shortly to assemble. A Japanese embassy will start in February for Wash-

Mr. Lever has offered to purchase the Great Eastern. Count Mercile succeeds M. Sartiges as French minister at Washington.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 19th, 1859. Mexican advices to the 6th report great excitement at the Capital in consequence of a report that Juarez had signed a treaty of intervention with the United States .-Reports of continued defeats of the Liberals.

Liverpool Market.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 8th, 1859. Cotton declining; some circulars say that a decline

of 1/4 d. has taken place. Breadstuffs quiet and prices steady. Provisions dull.

Consols closed at 9712 to 9714.

Union Meeting in New York. NEW YORK, Dec. 20th, 1859. The Union meeting held in this city yesternight numbered 30,000 people, and much enthusiasm prevailed.— Resolutions were passed nominating Gen. Scott for the Presidency.

Congress.

Washington City, Dec. 20th, 1859. Senate.—Yesterday Mr. Fitzpatrick, of Alabama. was elected President pro tem. in the absence of Mr. Breckenridge. A debate occurred involving the doctrine of squatter sovereignty.

House.—Mr. Singleton made a secession speech.—

Three votes were taken yesterday for Speaker. On the last Sherman lacked four votes of an election. Bo- went to High Point on Sunday last for the purpose of cock, (Dem. candidate) withdrew, and the Democrats scattered. It is said they will reunite at the first favor- book and sympathizing with old John Brown. He has able opportunity on some one whom they think can con- been operating in Guilford, Randolph and Chatham for centrate the distracted elements.

Treaty with Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21st, 1859. The United States Steamship Brooklyn has arrived, bringing Mr. McLane's ratified treaty, which has been forwarded to Washington. It gives the United States three transit routes across the country, and the right to Allen's, Smith & Wessor's, Sharpe's and the genuine "Der protect them, with partial free ports. The consideration to be paid by the United States is four millions of dollars, one half of which is to be appropriated in satisfaction of American claims against Mexico.

Washington City, D. C., Dec. 21st, 1859.

Senate.—Session yesterday was short. Homestead bill introduced. House.—Three ballots were had for Speaker. On

the last Sherman lacked three of an election. New York Markets.

NEW YORK, DEC. 21, 1859.

Cotton dull; Middling Uplands 11 1-8 cents per lb. Flour very dull; Southern \$5 50 to \$5 75 per bbl.— York, and extended to him facilities for procuring "bar-Wheat declining; white \$1 25 to \$1 55 per bushel. gains as they occur," we feel that we have placed ourselves Corn quiet for all kinds; new 92 to 94 cents, and old far in advance of our competitors, in our offering of cheap. 96 cents per bushel. Spirits Turpentine dull at 44 cts. handsome Goods, and late novelties. We receive weekly additions to our magnificent stock. Sept. 29.—21 tf HEDRICK & RYAN.

THE CHARLESTOWN EXECUTIONS.—Charlestown, Dec. 16.—Shields Green and John Copeland, the two negro execution was witnessed by at least 1,000 people.

firm step. The caps were then placed over their heads, of the Presbyterian Church, and they were launched in-

Before the rope was cut Green was heard to utter a fervent prayer, but Copeland was not heard to pray. Green's neck was broken, and he died without a several minutes. On the scaffold the prisoners bid adieu to the three clergymen, Messrs. North, Waugh and Lehr, and hoped to meet them in heaven.

The drop fell at eleven minutes past eleven. The bodies will be placed in jail for interment to-morrow.

TEXAS - MEXICO. - New Orleans, December 18. - Ad- steads, Toy Bureaus, &c vices from Brownsville, Texas, of the 14th inst., state that the American force there numbers 300 men. Cortinas had been reinforced, though to what extent is not mentioned. There had been no engagement up to the

The Picayune publishes a letter from the city of Mexico, dated December 6th, which mentions the prevalence of great excitement at the Capitol, in consequence of a report that Juarez had signed a treaty of intervention with the United States.

THE SUGAR CROP.—New Orleans, Dec. 18.—As an PURIFIES THE BLOOD. evidence of the falling off in the sugar crop, the present PURIFIES THE BLOOD season, the returns from two hundred and fifty plantations, yielding last year 19,000 hhds., show only a crop this year of 7750 bhds.

FURTHER FROM EUROPE--SALES OF COTTON TO ARRIVE. -Halifax, Dec. 17 .- There have been sales in the Liverpool market of cotton to arrive from the United States at 7a713d for middling Orleans and 678d for strict middling Mobile. Large receipts were daily expected, as the wind was blowing strong from the west.

BY OVERLAND MAIL-FOUR DAYS LATER FROM CAL-IFORNIA-ANOTHER DUEL. - St. Louis, Dec. 17 .- The overland mail, with San Francisco dates to the 25th ult., passed Mailoy's station at two o'clock this morning and will reach here to morrow night.

Much anxiety is still felt in San Francisco at the nonarrival of the steamer Cortes, but she probably reached port a day or two subsequent to the departure of the

A duel had been fought between Judge Muller, of Shasta county, and James Gallagher, district attorney of Trinity county.

James Hawerth, president of the California Stage Company, states that he is prepared to enter into contract with the government to run a daily mail between Sacramento City and St. Louis for \$1,000,000 per an num, making the trip in fourteen days.

But a moderate business had been done at San Francisco during the last few days, and the bulk of the goods by the late arrivals was going into store. Importers were supplying the current demand at previous rates, and the trade were buying sparingly. Sales of 3.000 boxes candles at 20 a 21 cents. Coffee very firm. Eastern refined sugar 11 cents-nothing done in raw. Lard 1258 a 13 cents. June butter 30 a 35 cents. Bacon in fair demand at unchanged rates. Other articles dull.

EMIGRANTS FROZEN TO DEATH.—St. Louis, Dec. 17.
The express from Denver city reports the mercury there down to 47 degrees below zero. On the 9th inst., sev-

down to 47 degrees below zero. On the 9th inst., several men on their return from the mines were frozen to death, and a number of mules lost from the extreme cold.

LATER FROM PIKE'S PEAK.—Leavenworth, Dec. 16.
The overland express arrived in seven days from Pike's Peak, with the Utah mails, and \$15,000 in gold dust from the mines. the weather had been intensely cold, causing a suspension of mining operations.

For sale by all druggist in Wilmington.

Charleston, Wholesale Agents.

May 6, 1859.—205&36-eowly.

Holloway's Phils are the most searching remedy for deeply-seated and long-standing internal diseases now extant. In billions disorders and all complaints arising from a diseased liver, the action of these marvellous Pills is sure as well as speedy. Sold at the manufactory, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all Drugists, at 25c., 63c., and \$1 1,000 Gunny Bags. For sale by Dec. 20th

TONS 1 INCH HOOP IRON AT \$70 PER TON; 1,000 Gunny Bags. For sale by Dec. 20th

Arrival of the Stsamer America. Three Days Later

from Europe. SACRVILLE, Dec. 16, 9 o'clock P. M .- A dispatch from Halifax announced the arrival of the steamer America there from Liverpool, with advices of the 3d nst. The following brief dispatch is all that has been received. The detail will not arrive until very late. The news is unimportant. The approaching Con-

that body, was a theme of speculation in the English papers. The Times strongly urges Lord Palmerston Lord Cowley represents England in the European to represent England at the meeting of the Congress. on the 5th of January. It was removed on the 1st that the French fleet had

destroyed the forts, at the mouth of the river Tetuan, for firing at a French vessel, and that afterwards they resumed a position of neutrality.

Additional by the America.
SACKVILLE, Dec. 17.—The express, with details, of the America's news, arrived this morning. The invitation to the British government to attend Congress had reached the British Cabinet, but the Aus-

trian invitation had not been received. It is taken for granted that England will be represented, probably by Lord Palmerston. Count Cavour will represent Sardinia, and Martinez de la Rosa, Spain. All the Powers will have two representatives. They will probably meet on the 1st of Jan-

Gortschakoff; Austria, Count Rechberg; France, Count Walewski; Prussia, by Baron Schleinitz.

A despatch from Turin says that the separate gove n ments of Parma, Modena, and Romagna are suppressed from the 8th cf December. They are to be united in one government, with the ministry at Modena, and the legislative and the military headquarters are to be at Bo-

The new electoral law at Lombardy and Venitia had been promulgated. The number of deputies had been

Gen. O'Donnell demanded 12,000 more troops to complete the 50,000 to enable him to take the field against

The Charlotte Bulletine requests its Exchanges to state that in consequence of a contemplated change and the steady and rapid increase of business, demanding additional labor in the management of the several departments of the Bulletin Establishment, one qualified Mr. Gilmer pronounced the statement of a North Caro- to act assistant Editor and superintendent, may secure lina paper offensively connecting him with the posses- an interest in the entire concern, (amounting to a fourth sion of a copy of Helper's book, etc., infamous, false, a or one-half,) on application to H. L. Alexander, who will negotiate.

ARRESTED .- We learn that the Sheriff of Guilford arresting the rev. Daniel Worth, the agent of the Boston Tract Society, who has been distributing Helper's about 3 years it is said. He is an old man, which fact we suppose saves him from severe punishment.

Charlotte Democrat, 20th, inst. GENTS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE,) 38 Market street, Dec. 21, 1859. FULTON & PRICE—GENTLEMEN: Please inform the readers of the "Journal" that we are now receiving Colt's. ringer" PISTOLS. Also, the "Gillespie" "Derringers." Besides we have BELT PISTOLS, for use on horseback.

Prices of Derringer Pistols reduced this week, and all the other styles at considerably LESS PRICES than they have ever been offered at in the Southern market.

O. S. BALDWIN. 38 Market street.

25-50 CENT AMBROTYPES at the fine Reception Rooms of T. E. HANBURY, by a new and splendid combination light, warranted as good as any heretofore taken for one dollar. Rooms in the Telegraph Building, opposite Kahnweiler & Bros'., and next to Dawson & McPeake 75-9t-16-tf

Dec. 2, 1859. HAVING established a resident buyer in the city of New

FURNITURE: FURNITURE:: AS COMPLETE AN ASSORTMENT AS CAN BE found Harper's Ferry conspirators, have just paid the forfeit in any city, and as cheap for cash, is now offered to the inof their lives. The crowd in town is very great and the spection of the public, at No. 10, Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. Purchasing from first hands at the factories for cash, At nine o'clock the field was occupied by the troops, and selling for cash or its equivalent, the Subscriber is and seven minutes before eleven the procession made its enabled to offer greater inducements to the citizens of Wil appearance, and had arrived on the ground at 11.5 - mington and of the State generally, to buy at home, than The prisoners were in a wagon, in which also were the has ever before been offered. Goods for the interior will be sheriff and jailor. They mounted the scaffold with a carefully packed and promptly forwarded. The Subscriber is particularly desirous that persons from the interior of the an appropriate prayer was made by the Rev. Mr. North, State who have been in the habit of purchasing abroad, would give his establishment a trial. The following are some of the articles to be found in his Furniture Ware Rooms: Sofas, Teta-a-Tetes, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Etageres of Whatnets, Ottomans, Foot-Stools, Centre, Sofa struggle. Copeland writhed in violent contortions for and Card tables, Chairs, Mantle and Pier Glasses, Secretaries, Book Cases, Tea, Breakfast and Dining Tables, Sideboards, Cane, Woodseat and Cushioned Chairs, in great variety; Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Toilet Tables. Wardrobes, Farcy Cottage Setts, Mattrasses, Beds, Pillows, Boalsters, &c. A large stock of Looking Glasses, Office

Furniture, Children's Chairs, Cradles, Cribs, Trundle Bed steads, Toy Bureaus, &c O. L. FILLYAW. SANDS' SARSAPARILLA. FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD. No remedial agent has ever been produced that has proved

more uniformly successful than this. How many unfortun-

by Miramon, who had taken possession of what was left are in the market.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 10,

Fulton street, New York.
For sale also by W. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington, N. C. December 22. SANDFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

COMPOSED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS. NEVER DEBILITATES. PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

CURES LIVER COMPLAINTS. CURES SICK HEADACHE. CURES BIBLIOUS ATTACKS. CURES FEMALE COMPLAINTS. CURES CHOLIC. CURES FLATULENCY.

See advertisement in another column.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES. THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED IN 1737, and first article of the kind ever i troduced under the name of 'PULMONIC WAFERS," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Waters are counterferts. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS Relieve Irritation of the Uvula and Tonsols. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS Relieve the above Complaints in 1en Minutes. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are a Blessing to all Classes and Constitutions. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers. BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Are in a simple form and pleasant to the taste.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS Not only relieve, but effect rapid and lasting cures.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one. No Family should be without a Box of BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

in the house.

No Traveler should be without a supply of BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS in his pocket.

No person will ever object to give for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

HATHAWAY & CO..

WILMINGTON, N. C., OFFER FOR SALE 4,250 sacks Ground Alum, Marshall's fine factory filled and Jeffrey's & Darcy's Salt.

400 bags Bio, Laguayra, Cape and Java Coffee. 150 barrels Clarified and Refined Sugars. 25 hhds. fair to choice Muscovado Sugar. 75 do. prime retailing Cuba Molasses. 100 casks prime new crop Rice.

100 barrels extra New River Mullets. 200 boxes Soap and Candles. 100 barrels Portland, New Orleans and refined Syrup. 100 do. Cincinnati, N. Y. City Mess and Prime Pork. 450 kegs Nails, of a good brand.

45 hhds. strictly choice Western Bacon Sides and Shoulders

Also, Lard in barrels, tierces and kegs; Matches; Mustard, Yeast Powders, Tea, Hay, Gunny Bags, Gunny Bagging, Rope, &c., &c. Wholesale buyers visiting the city will find it to their interest to call ur on us.

MARRIED.

In Duplin, on the 13th inst., by James G. Branch, Esq. Mr. EDWARD BROWN to Miss MARIA L., daughter of William Wilkins, Esq., all of Duplin.
In Clinton, on Monday evening, 7th inst., by Rev. Geo. M. Gibbs, Dr. WM. G. MICKS, to Mrs. ELIZA J. BEATTY, Est he Clinton.

The principal representatives of the four great Powers is reported to be the following: Russia, by Prince Son. Also, at the same time and place, by the same, Mr. Cortscholoff. Austria Count Rechberg: France JOHN W. MOORE, to Miss MARY E. BRINSON. DIED.

In Sampson county, on the 4th inst., near Clinton, N. C., Mr. JACOB CHESNUTT, aged about 65 years. JAMES STOKLEY & OLDHAM,

DEALERS IN GRAIN, AND COMMISSION MER-WILMINGTON, N. C. Prompt sttention given to the sale of Cotton, Flour, Bacon and other Country Produce.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE. THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL open on the third Monday in January.

FACULTY: REV. W. M. WINYAH, PRESIDENT, PROF. W. T. WALLERS, W. G. SIMMONS, J. H. FOOTE,

Dec. 22d, 1859

German will be taught as an extra study. French will also be extra if pursued beyond the usual time allowed to it. The Trustees feel that they have secured an able and well appointed Faculty. The College stands deservedly high for the high-toned morality and studious habits of its young mer. JAMFS S. PUREFOY, Treasurer. Forestville, N. C., Dec. 15, 1859.

LILLINGTON ACADEMY, NEW HANOVER CO., NORTH CAROLINA.
S. W. CLEMENT, PRINCIPAL.
J. O. BOWDEN, ASSISTANT. THE NEXT SESSION will begin on the 1st of February.

The Academy will be furnished by the beginning of the term with a suitable Library and a set of Philosophical Apparatus. Attention will be given to that much neglected but highly important branch, Physical Education, and es

pecially to exercise in Drilling.

Terms per Session: Tuition in Primary Department,..... \$12 50 " Higher Branches.... " Languages and Higher Mathematics,....

WM. B. LYNCH'S SELECT SCHOOL, ORANGE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THIS SCHOOL IS SITUATED IN A MORAL, healthy,
country neighborhood, one mile from Mebansville Denot a country neighborhood, one mile from Mebansville Depot on the North Carolina Railroad. Pupils will board in the family of the Principal. Board and tuition \$100 per Session of five months. School opens 18th January, 1860.

REFERENCES:
Faculty of the University; A. Wilson, D. D., Melville, N. C.; Wm. Bingham & Sons, Oaks, N. C.
WM. B. LYNCH, Principal. December 22d, 1859-17-4t.

NOTICE. BY ORDER of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of New Hanover County, December Term, 1859, will be curred. sold at the late residence of Charles Henry, dec'd, on Colley, upon six months' credit, the crop of Corn Fodder, Turpen-cording to quality. tine Tools and other articles not willed on the 10th of Jan At the same time and place, the Negroes of the Estate will be hired for twelve months, upon the usual terms. Bonds

and approved securities required.

Persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay.

Dec. 15-1t—17-tf

P. MURPHY, Anm'r pend. lite.

Such portions of the stock as the widow desires, will be sold at the same time, place and terms.
P. MURPHY, Agent.

NEGRO SALE.
ON THE 3d OF JANUARY NEXT, at the residence ON THE 3d OF JANUARY NEXT, at the residence of Mrs. Tiercy Williams, I will sell between 20 and 30 'ikely NEGROES on credit of six months. Purchasers be required to give notes with satisfactory securities before taking the Negroes off. A. G. MOSELEY, Commissioner.

NOTICE. THE SUPPLY MILL. Brunswick Co., N. C., is now in operation, at which can be obtained any of the following Lumber, viz: Pine, Cypress, Juniper, Oak, Ash and Hickory. Orders for any of the above can be filled and sent to any point desired, from Florida to Baltimore, or else-

PROSPECTUS OF THE CHURCH INTELLIGEN-

The undersigned proposes to publish in the city of Raleigh, in North Carolina, a weekly newspaper designed to advance the interests of the Episcopal Church at the South, and to diffuse intelligence concerning its labors and its progress.— In this enterprise he has reason to hope for the approbation and to some extent the aid of the Bishops of Tennessee Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina, Texas, and the Missionary District of the South-West. In each of these dioceses he expects to have a resident contributor to the columns of his journal, who shall give information to its readers of any event of in-The benefits of such a paper, if well conducted, will be acknowledged to be great, when it is recollected that in all these dioceses just enumerated, constituting in themselves a From Mexico the accounts state that Degollado lost half his army and all his artillery in his recent fight with Miramon at Queretaro. He was then pursued by the Church party, and fell back to Monterey, but was subsequently compelled to abandon that point. The road to Tampico was open. The Church forces, under the zatlan. Marquez has been suspended from his command of Miramon, left Guadalajaro to attack Mazutlan. Marquez has been suspended from his command by Miramon, who had taken norsessesion of what wor left. mighty and rapidly growing empire—there is not a single misrepresented in that region of country, and still more fre-quently misunderstood, and there is no organ and no oppor-

tunity, by which, publicly and effectually to refute such mis-representations and correct such mistakes. By means too of a newspaper in these dioceses conducted By means too of a newspaper in these dioceses conducted in a religious spirit and on judicious principles, the members of the church might be essisted not only in the general improvement of their spiritual state, but especially in the performance of the peculiar duties imposed on them by the constitution of society in the Southern country—duties which lie very near the hearts of many of them.

It is furthermore intended to enrich the columns of the It is the It

It is furthermore intended to enrich the columns of the paper with as many as possible of those treasures of thought and learning w) ich the Periodical religious literature of our mother-church is now so abundantly pouring forth and to give occasional views of the state of religion and learning on the continent of Europe. But there is one subject closely connected with the highest welfare of the South to which it is designated that this paper shall give solicitions attention. It is the realization of the magnificent idea of the University of the South at Sewanne and in order thereto the dissemination of intelligence concerning it, and the issue of appeals in its behalf. Designed then as the contemplated paper is o effect objects so important and so beneficent, the underbrethern of the clergy and laity in the Southern country. It is intended to give the paper the name of the CHURCH IN TELLIGECER, and to issue the first number, if possible, early

in March, 1860.
Its terms will be two dollars and a half per annum, payable in advance. Advertisements will be inserted at the usual rates, and a liberal discount made for standing adver-The paper will be sent free to any clergyman who wil forward the names and the subscription price of ten subscribers.

HENRY F. GREENE,

Presbyter of the Diocese of N. C. We approve of the publication and circulation of a newspaper for the purposes and on the principles set forth in the Prospectus of the CHURCH INTELLIGENCER, and we cordially recommend it to the clergy and laity of our dioceses, design-

Prospecture recommend it to the consistency of the N. H. Cobbs,
Bishop of Alabama.
WILLIAM M. GREEN,
Bishop of Mississippi. JAS. H. RUTLEDGE, Florida.

THOS. F. DAVIS,
Bishop of South Caroline.
THOS. ATKINSON, Bishop of North Carolina. ALEX. GREGG, Bishop of Texas.

Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current. as it should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale price. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid. Whiskey 33 BEEF CATTLE,

9 100 fbs...5 50 @ 6 50

BRICKS, W.M...6 00 @12 00 2nd hand.... 1 50 @ 1 90 New....... 1 90 @ 2 00 Candles, # 1b. NAVAL STORES,
Turpentine, \$\frac{1}{2}\$280 Bs.,
*Virgin ... 0 00 @
Yellow dip. 0 00 @ COFFER, B. Hard, 0 00 (Tar, 19 bbl., 0 00 do. in order,0 00 (Pitch do.,.0 00 (Rosin, Pale, 0 00 (No. 1,1 50 @ No. 2,1 10 @ No. 3,1 00 @ ord. to mid'g...10 @ strict mid'g...10 @ good mid'g...00 @ Spirits Turp., gallon ... 00 @ arnish, gal.26 @ OTTON BAGGING. ₩ yard......121@ Rope, ₩ b ... 74@ DOMESTICS Sheeting, # yd. 8 @ Yarn, # fb. . 194@ E368, # doz... 30 @ FEATHERS, # fb. 45 @ Sperm, 2 00 @ Linseed,raw, 1 15 @ do. boiled,1 15 @ PEA NUTS, bush1 00 @ FISH, # bbl., 7 00 @ 8 00 Mullets 7 00 @ 8 00 Mac'rel.No.1 16 00@18 00 do. No. 2 13 00 @14 00 do. No. . 3 8 50 @11 00 POTATOR Sweet, bush. 60 @ N. C. Bacon, Herrings, East 3 00 @ 5 00 Dry Cod, Hams, 141@ Middlings,...00 @ ...4 00 @ 6 50 Shoulders, ..00 @ Hog round,..121@ Family.....0 00 @ 6 25 Supertine ... 0 00 @ 6 00 Western Bacon Middlings,...114@ Shoulders,...94@ N. C. Lard,...124@ West'n do....114@ Fine.....0 00 @ 5 75 Cross.....0 00 @ 5 50 GUANO, Pernyian. Butter,.....23 @ Under 1 ton, # 1b.,.... PORK, Northern, & bbl., City Mess,...17 50 @18 00 Clear do...00 00 @19 00
Butt,.....16 00 @17 00
Beef, Mess,.00 00 @16 00
do. Fulton
Market,...19 00 @20 00

Chickens, live, 121@ do. dead, ...25 @ Turkeys, live, .75 @ I do. dead, # b.121@ Do. B. Eye. 1 00 @ 1 10 Wheat, red. 1 10 @ 1 15 do. white. 1 25 @ 1 30 Rice, rough. 00 @ 00 SHEEF, & head, Lambs,.....1 25 @ 1 50 Mutton,.....1 25 @ 1 50 HIDES, & Ib., 13

Green, 51 @ Dry 12 @ Hay, # 100 lbs. tern1 00 @ 1 N. River......85 @ SUGAR, \$2 lb.
Porto Rico, ... 8 @
New Orleans, 74@ English, ass'd. 41@ 00
American, ref. 31@ 00
do. sheer. 0 @ 00
do.hoop, ton 80 00@85 00 New Orleans, 74@ Muscovado, ... 74@ Loaf & crush'd,104@ C. Yellow 9 @ Granulated, ...101@ Soap, # b......42@ Shingles, # M., Swede 51@ Lime, 18 bbl.. 70 @ LUMBER, WM., (River.)

Fl'r Boards.00 00 @12 50 Wide do... 0 00 @ 9 00 Scantling... 0 00 @ 7 00 Contract, ...4 00 @ 5 Common, ...2 00 @ 2 STAVES, # M., W. O. Bbl..,16 00 @18 00 Scantling... 0 (Steam Sawed.) R. O. Hhd...,12 50 @20 00
Ash Head'g, 12 00@13 00
TIMBER, # M.,
Shipping,... 0 00 @00 00
Mill, prime, 9 50 @11 00 Floor Boards, rough.....15 00 @16 00 planed.....18 00 @19 00 Wide boards, 14 00 @15 00 Scantling ...12 00 @15 00 do. inferior to ordinary, 6 00 @ Low, ₩ lb....10 @ Ship Stuff. rough edge. 0 00 @13 00

re-sawed... 0 00 @15 00

Molasses, # gal.on.
Cuba, Hhds 23 @ 25
do. Bbls. 28 @ 30
N. Orleans. 42 @ 45

Common, ...

Medium, ...
Fine,
Wool, # lb.,. Common, 18 @
Medium, 25 @
Fine, 45 @
Wool, ₩ lb., . . . 17 @ NOTE.—River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, sold in the water, are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on lumber 90 cents to \$1 \(\psi\) M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10 \(\omega\) 14 cents \(\psi\) bbl.—and on naval stores, when brought # Railroad, about the same expenses are incurred.——* For virgin or mixed Turpentine a deduction

Товассо, В 1в.,

FREIGHTS:	-				-	-
	deck.		Uı	ider	d	ec
Turpentine and Tar, ₩ bbl.,\$	00	\$		@	-	5
Rosindo	00		00	0		5
Spirits Turpentinedo	00		00	@		7
Flour do	00		00	œ		4
Rice, ₩ 100 lbs. gross	00		0	œ		1
Cotton, B bale, 0	00	2	60	ø	2	2
Cotton goods, # foot,	00	_	0	œ	-	_
Flaxseed, # bushel,	00		8	<u>a</u>		10
Ground Peas, & bushel,	00		8	0		-
Wheat, ₩ bushel,	00		9	ď		1
Lumber, # M., 0 00@5	00	5	00	ã	6	0
TO PHILADELPHIA,	7	_		_		-
Turpentine and Tar, ₩ bbl	00		00	@		4
Rosin	00		00	0		40
Spirits Turpentine "	00		00	a		60
Ground Peas, & bushel,	0		8	ø		•
Cotton, bale, 0	00	1	75	@	2	00
Cotton goods, # cubic foot,	0	-	0	Ø	_	7
Rice, \$100 lbs.,	0		00	0		10
Lumber, \$\mathbb{H}\) M., as to size, 0 00@0	00	5	00	a	6	
TO BOSTON.		-		•	•	-
Turpentine and Tar, # bbl	00		00	@		58
Rosin	00		60	~		50
Spirits Turpentine	00		00	0		75
Cotton, B bale, 0		2	00	@	2	
Ground Peas, & bushel,	00	-	10	ã	-	12
Rough Rice, bushel,	0		00	Ø		(
Tumber, # M., 0 00@6		7	00	ä	8	00
		-	-0	-	-	3,

oushel,...... 0 00 @ 0 0 00@6 00 7 00 @ 8 00 REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 21st, 1859.

TURPENTINE.-We have no change of importance to make on our remarks of Wednesday last. The demand from shippers has become somewhat checked, in consequence of an terest occurring in the diocese to which the writer belongs. to distillers, who have taken nearly all that has arrived at Tallow, 10 a 12; Wheat, white 95 a \$1 00; red 85 a 90; Wool \$2 65 for yellow dip, \$2 12 for virgin, and \$1 65 for hard. _ 25 a 30c. The receipts for the week have been small, and the sales

foot up only 1,652 bbls., viz: cents per gallon. Since then the market has been steady,

and parcels on arrival find purch sers at above price .-Sales during the week as follows: Wednesday.. 118 bbls. at 40 cents per gallon.

Rosin.-For Nos. 1 and 2 the market continues to rule inactive, under the advices from abroad and the recent ad-

vance in freights, and scarcely any demand exists; in fact, the finer grades are difficult of sale, even at materially lower rates than previously quoted. In No. 1 we hear of sales during the week of only 816 bbls. at \$1 20, \$1 45, \$1 50, \$1 90 to \$2 per bbl., the latter price being paid for a bright article. In No. 2 the sales have been confined to a few small parcels at \$1 10 to \$1 17} per bbl. For the Common article there is a good enquiry, notwithstanding the advance in freights, and \$1 05 can be readily obtained; there is, however, a very light stock on market, in consequence of which the transactions have been meagre. We quote sales of only 2,400 bbls., at \$1 05 per 310 lbs-the market closing firm at this price.

TAR .- After closing our remarks on Wednesday last the price went down 20 cents, and on Thursday further declined 25 cts.—closing on that day at \$2 25 per bbl., at which the market has since ruled steady, with a moderate demand.-

We quote sales for the week as follows:
Wednesday...130 bbls. at \$2 50 per bbl.
Thursday...204 " 2 40 " "
Do...365 " 2 25 " "
Friday...300 " 2 25 " "
Monday 50 " " 2 25 " " Monday..... 69 " 2 25 " " Tuesday..... 72 " 2 25 " " This (Wednesday) morning the market is dull, and prices

tend downward. BEEF CATTLE-But few beeves have been brought to man ket for several weeks past, and in consequence butchers have a very small stock on hand. We note a fair enquiry, and quote at 54 to 64 cents per lb., as in quality. BARBELS .- In the market for empty Spirits Turpenting

barrels we have nothing new to report. Scarcely any de mand exists, and we notice a moderate supply in first hands. We quote second hand ones at prices ranging from \$1 50 to \$1 90 for inferior to selected. BEESWAX-Continues to be brought in slowly, and sells order. readily at 31 a 32 cents per lb.

See table for store rates, as in quantity and quality. Corron-Under the recent foreign advices the market here has ruled quiet, and only a small business has bee done for the week. At the time of closing our review buy ers seem but little disposed to purchase, freights having advanced, and are awaiting further advices; sellers, however, do not press the market, and are generally holding at 10

cents for good middling. The transactions for the wask have been light (only about 825 bales) at the following pri ces: ordinary 10 cents, low middling 10 to 10; cents, middling 10; to 10; cents, strict middling 10; to 10; cents, good middling 10; cents, and middling fair 10; cents—closing quiet at above figures. We refer to our table for correct quo-

CORN MEAL .- None received from the country, and there is only a small supply on market. Selling from the granaries at \$1 to \$1 05 per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT-Is in moderate request, and but little coming in. We quote apples at 5 to 5 cts. per lb., as in quality. Eggs. - But few arriving, and in demand. Sell at 30 to 32

cents per dozen. FRATHERS -- Are in active request, and market bare. quote at 45 to 50 cts. per lb., as in quality. FISH .- No receipts of Mullets, and nothing doing except

in the retail way. See table for prices. FLOUR.-We have no change of importance to report in the market for State brands since the close of our last review. The quantity received both by river and railroad has been exceedingly light for the past two or three weeks, in consequence of which the stock in first hands has become materially reduced, and it is barely sufficient for present wants We notice a moderate demand, and quote small sales during

the week at \$6 for superfine and \$6 25 for family. GRAIN.-In CORN we have to report rather more dulines, during the week just ended, and a decline of 5 cents has taken place on previous quotation. There is a moderate stock at present on market, which, together with several cargoes now looked for, has caused less disposition among dealers to operate, and prices have a decided downward tendency. The receipts comprise 8,786 bushels, of which 5.850 do. came to dealers, 1,656 do. sold at 80 cents, and 1,280 do. at 75 cents per bushel—closing quiet at lowest prices. OATS .- At present there is merely a retail enquiry for this article, and the stock in dealers hands is fully adequate
for the demand. No late sales, and quotations in table must

20 —Brig Darien, ——, from Havana.
20—Schr. Senora Isabel, Justice, from Little River, to D.

A. Lamont; with naval stores. be looked upon as nominal. PEAS. The market is very 121 poorly supplied with all descriptions, and none of consequence have been brought in for several weeks past. For Cow we notice an active demand from dealers, and parcels C. & B. G. Worth. would find ready purchasers at 80 to 85 cents per bushel, as remains unchanged. There is a moderate supply in store, and only a light demand from the trade. We quote at 4 to

44 cents per lb. HAY-The market continues to be poorly supplied with both Northern and Eastern, and we notice a fair demand from dealers. None received during the week just ended. consequently we have no sales to report. We quote nominally at 85 to 90 cents for the former, and \$1 to \$1 05 for the latter, as in quality.

LIME-Is in rather better supply, still we have no change Worth; with 113,000 feet of lumber.

Brig Altavela, Reid, for Cardenas, by Kidder & Martin; with 146,000 feet lumber.

Brig Altavela, Reid, for Cardenas, by Kidder & Martin; with 146,000 feet lumber.

17—Schr. Minehaha, Young, for New Orleans, by J. J. Lippitt; with 1,147 bbls. tar, 40 do. rosin.

Schr. Sela B. Strong, Boyd, for New York, by A. D. Cazaluring the past week, and we note a chalair more enquiry. to make in prices, and there is a moderate business doing in the small way. A cargo of 1,450 casks was received on Monday by a dealer, which is going into store. We quote from wharf at \$1, and from store at \$1 05 to \$1 10 per cask.

during the past week, and we note a shade improvement in price. Sales from wharf at 25 cents per gallon, in bhds. PEA NUTS-We have no change to report in this brticle. There has been a moderate demand throughout the week. and sales from carts and wagons at \$1 39 to \$1 45 for ordinary, and \$1 50 per bushel, for extra quality.

POTATOES-Sweet arrive sparingly, and sell from carts at 60 to 65 cents per bushel. Irish are in fair supply, and there 60 to 65 cents per bushel. Irish are in fair supply, and there is only a retail demand. Sell irom store at \$1.75 to \$2 per bbl.

Provisions.—For N. C. cured Bacon the market rules

19-Schr. Aloa, Powell, for New Tork, by E. Burray, with 312 barrels spirits turpentine, 1,051 do. rosin, 50 do-flour, 239 do. and 289 bags dried fruit, 462 bales cotton, 2,304 bush. pea nuts, 3 bbls liquor, 4 do. pipes, 3 boxes merchandize, 2 bbls and 1 box of wax, 100 hides.

PROVISIONS.-For N. C. cured Bacon the market rules the same as reported for several weeks past. None has been brought in and the market is entirely bare, consequently we have no transactions to report. We quote nominally at 124 to 13 cents for hog round, and 14 to 144 cents for hams. With Western cured the market is moderately supplied, and only a light demand exists. We quote small sales from store at 9 to 94 cents for shoulders, and 11 to 114 cents per lb. for sides, as in quality. LARD. N. C. make is in some enquiry, and little or none on market. We quote at 124 to 13 cents. Western is in moderate stock, and sells from store at 12 to 121 cents per lb .- PORK .- The maret continues to rule quiet for Northern, and we have i change to report in prices. There is a moderate stock in store, and only a retail business doing. See table for quoE. Hall. tations. The arrivals of fresh have been better, and we Exports Schr. E. D. McClenahan for Baltimore: 79 bbls.

SALT .- For Liverpool ground the market continues to rule active at high prices, and there is little or none offering sale. A cargo of 1,500 sacks was received coastwise a lew days since by a dealer, which sold from vessel at \$1 50 per sack, in lots. Alum is in very small stock, and sells from store at 25 to 30 cents per bushel.

Shingles—No demand for either Contract or Common.

Timber—Arrives sparingly, and is in fair demand for mill purposes. Only 3 a 4 rafts received and sold at \$6 75 to \$10 FREIGHTS-To New York have ruled active, and rates

have advanced 10 cents on naval stores and 25 cents per bale on cotton. To Philadelphia and Boston we have no impor-tant change to report. There is plenty of produce now offering shipment, and nearly or quite all the vessels in port have cargoes engaged. See table for prices. NEWBERN, Dec. 20.-Turpentine - Has been active

during the week with sales of about 4,000 bbls. at prices ranging from \$2 90 to \$3 for Dip, and \$1 90 to \$2 for Hard. losing at the latter prices.

Rosin—In good demand at \$1 a \$1 10. Not much selling. Tar—Several lots have been disposed of during the week at from \$1 90 to \$2 per barrel as in order. Spirits-Spirits Turpentine sells readily at 40c. Very lit-

tle offering.
Cotton—Cotton has been active at 9 a 9½c. per lb. SALISBURY, Dec. 19.— Bacon 11½ a 12½; Beeswax 20 a 25; Coffee, Rio, 12½ a 14; Java 17 a 22½; Cotton 10 a 11; Cotton Yarn 1 00 a \$1 10; Corn 60 a 70; do. Meal 60 a 70; Feathers per lb. 30 a 35; Flour per bbl. 5 00 a \$5 20; per Sack 2 40 a \$2 50; Lard 12 a 15; Pork 7 a 7½; Molasses, Cuba, 34 a 45; New Orleans 55 a 65; Muscovado 45 a 50; Oats 40 a 45; Potatoes, Irish, 40 a 50; Sweet 35 a 40; Rags, per lb. 3; Salt per sack 2 65 a \$2 75; Sheeting, brown, 9 a 10; Sugar, brown, 9 a 10; Crushed & a 11; Llarified 10 a 11; Sugar, brown, 9 a 11; Crushed 8 a 11; Clarified 10 a 11;

CHARLESTON, Dec. 19.—Cotton—The transactions to day were confined to some 1600 bales, at about former prices. The prices ranged as follows, viz: 5 bales at 9; 3 at 9½; 41 at 10½; 112 at 10½; 162 at 10½; 138 at 10½; 95 at

yellow 83c., white 72 a 76c. Provisions are unsettled. Mess Pork \$16. Bacon Sides 10c. Whiskey dull at 27c. NEW YORK, Dec. 19 .- Cotton-Prices closed easier ; sales to day of 1000 bales, the market quiet. Flour is heavy, sales of 7,000 bbls., State at 4 95 a \$5 05, Ohio at 5 60 a \$5 sales of 7,000 bbls., State at 4 95 a \$5 05, Ohio at 5 60 a \$5 70, and Southern at 5 55 a \$5 75. Wheat is quiet. sales of 6000 bushels; white is quoted at 1 40 a \$1 55. Corn is depressed, sales of 14,000 bushels, new white 90 a 93 cents, do. yellow at 93 a 95 cents, and old 96 cents. Beef is quiet at 9 50 a \$10 for repacked Western. Pork is du'l, Mess at \$16, and Prime \$11 37\frac{1}{4}. Lard heavy at 10\frac{1}{2} a 11 cents. Whiskey is firm, sales at 27 a 27\frac{1}{2} cents. Sugar closed firm, Cuba and Porto Rico 6\frac{3}{4} a 8 cents. Molasses quiet at 51 cents. Spirits Turpentine dult. Rosin is buoyant at \$1 60. Rice steady. Freights on Cotton to Liverpoli taken at \frac{1}{4}.

CHARLOTTE, Dec. 19 .- Cotton-Sales amount to 13 bales at 8% a 9 7-10c. per lb. Flour—Very little in market—prices are \$5 50 a 5 60 per Wheat-We continue former quotations. Red \$1 00 a

\$1 05; White \$1 10 a \$1 15 per bushel. Corn—No change in price—85c. per bushel. FAYETTEVILLE, Dec. 19 .- Bacon 14 @ 15; Cotton-Fair to Good, 10 @ 10\frac{1}{2}; Ordin. to Mid. 0 @ 00; Flour-family, 0 00 @ \frac{1}{2}5 & \frac{1}{2}5; Super. 0 00 @ \frac{1}{2}5 & \frac{1}{2}5; Fine, 0 00 @ \frac{1}{2}5 & \frac{1}{2}5; Scratched, 0 00 @ \frac{1}{2}5 & \frac{1}{2}5; Grain—Corn, \frac{1}{2}1 & \frac{1}{2}0 & \frac{1}{2}1 & \frac{1}{2}5; Wheat, \frac{1}{2}1 & \frac{1}{2}0 & \frac{1}{2}1 & \frac{1}{2}5; Oats, \frac{1}{2}5 & \frac{1}{2}5; Peas, \frac{1}{2}0 & \frac{1}{2}0 & \frac{1}{2}5; Rye, \$1 10 @ 1 20; Lard—14 @ 15 cents; Molasses—Cubs 28 @ 30 cents; New Orleans, 50 @ 00 cents; Salt—Liver

There has been an active demand, with an advance of 15 a 20 cts. per barrel on all grades.

Spirits Turpentine—Very little doing; sales on Saturday at 37 cts.

Nov. 5th, 1859.

Pork—None arriving in market except in small lots, which are disposed of from wagons and carts at 8½ a 9. OUR UMBRELLAS ARE the most substantial and lowest priced offered in this market, and embraces the greatest variety.

Our increased sales is an evidence of their apprecia-

EDINBURGH CAPS. COTCH PATTERN, at the Hat & Cap Emporium, 34
Market St. MYERS & MOORE.

MYERS & MOORE, 34 Market St.

tion by the public.
Dec. 20.

REAL ESTATE AND NEGROES FOR SALE. SES AND LOTS. One of the Lots is on Hanover 45 feet, and runs back to an alley 156 ft.
The improvements are a good Dwelling House and all necessary out-houses; also a good well of Water, all in good order.

readily at 31 a 32 cents per lb.

COFFEE—There is a moderate stock of nearly all descriptions on market, and nothing doing except in the retail way.

Order.

The other Lot fronts on Brunswick street 40 feet, running back to an alley 156 feet. The improvements are a Dwelling House and out-houses.

Also, two likely NEGBO MEN, one of them is a good Also, two likely NEGRO MEN, one of their on wishing Blacksmith, and the other is a helper. Any person wishing to purchase, will call on me at the W. & W. R. R. Depot. ROBERTSON GILL.

Dec. 19, 1859. 89-1m-17-1m 1.000 GALLONS WINTER POLAR OIL; sperm "Sperm "Dec. 20th B. A. E B. A. KEITH. Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

Dec. 14th—Schr. Ann Maria, Ellis, from Sloop Point, to Harriss & Howell; with cotton and materials from wreck of Schr. J. H. Flanner. Schr. J. H. Flanner.

Schr. James Buchanan, Morse, from Baltimore, to Willard & Curtis; with corn.

Schr. Edward Stanly, Pugh, from Hyde County, to DeRosset, Brown & Co.; with corn.

Schr. W. F. Harriss, Rollins, from Hyde County, to DeRosset, Brown & Co.; with corn.

15—Steamer Hattie Hart

15—Steamer Hattie Hart, Peck, from Fayetteville, to Smith & McLaurin.

15—Schr. Pearl, McKethan, from Lockwood's Folly, to Anderson & Savage; with naval stores.

Steamer Black River, Love, from Indian Wells, to Master.
Schr. M. Y. Davis, Robinson, from New York, to T. C. 8 B. G. Worth; with mdze.
16—Schr. W. H. Howard, Brown, from Sloot Point, to
Rankin & Martin; with naval stores, &c.
Schr. Volant, Haskell, from Tar Landing, to Bankin &

Martin; with naval stores, &c.
Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Tucker, from New York, to A. D. Cazaux; with mdze. Schr. Seguine, Elliott, from New York, to J. H. Flanner; Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Elder, from Fayetteville, to A.

Dec. 17.—Brig Lizabel, Colley, from Providence, R. I., to Adams, Bro. & Co. Brig Avondale, Dix, from Boston, to J. H. Chadbourn & Co.; with 1,500 sacks salt. Spanish Brig Juana Teresa, Artiza, from Havana, to Har riss & Howell.

18—Schr. Geo. Harriss, Dazey, from Havana, to Harriss & Howell; with fruit.

Schr. E. J. Talbot, Payson, from Rockport, Me., to J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 1,450 casks lime.

Schr. Agnes H. Ward, Easters, from Little River, to An-

Schr. T. C. Worrell, Hubbard, from Baltimore, to T. C. & B. G. Worth; with mdze. Experienced heavy weather on Steamer Flora McDonald, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T.

CLEARED. Dec. 14—Schr. W. A. Ellis, Nichols, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with 490 bbls. spirits turpentine, 306 do. rosin, 246 bales cotton, 988 bushels pea nuts, 10 boxes and 3 bbls. ndze., 2 bags dried fruit, 1 cask wax.

15—Steamer Flora McDonald, Hurt, for Fayetteville, by

cotton, 625 bushels pea nuts. Schr. W. H. Howard, Brown, for Sloop Point, by Rankin

E. Hall. McLaurin.
Barque Radiant, Flinn, for Boston, by Harriss & Howell, with 570 bales cotton.

19-Schr. Alba, Powell, for New York, by E. Murray, with 19-Schr. Alba, Powell, 1951 do. rosin, 50 do. flour,

t B. G. Worth, with naval stores, &c. 20—Schr. Worth, Merrill, for New York, by T. C. & B. G.

Pea nuts, 1 bbl. oil.
Schr. N. Berry, Hughes, for Boston, by T. C. & B. G.
Worth; with 489 bbls. spirits turpentine, 100 do. rosin, 100
do. pitch, 200 do. tar, 75 bales cotton, 639 bush. pea nuts.
Schr. Virginia Price, Elridge, for Boston, by T. C. & B.
G. Worth; with 400 bbls. rosin, 362 bales cotton, 455 bush.

WITH IMMENSE HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND. The reason why, is that by Nature's own process it restores the natural color permanently after the hair becomes gray; supplies the natural fluids, and thus makes it grow on bald heads, removes all dandruff, itching, and heat from the scalp, quiets and tones up the nerves, and thus cures all nervous headache, and may be relied upon to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair; it will stop and keep it from falling off; makes it soft, glossy, healthy and beautifut, and if used by the young two or three times a week, it will never fall or become gray; then, reader, read the following and indee for neurral!

judge for yourself : MESSRS. O. J. WOOD & CO.,
Gentlemen: Having heard a good deal about Professor
Wood's Hair Rostorative, and my hair being quite gray, I
made up my mind to lay aside the prejudices which I, in
common with a great many persons, had against all manner
of patent medicines, and a short time ago I commenced
using your article, to test it for myself.
The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very MESSRS. O. J. WOOD & CO.,

using your article, to test it for myself.

The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very glad I did so, and in justice to you, as well as for the encorragement of others who may be as gray as I was, but who having my prejudice without my reasons for setting it aside, are unwilling to give your Restorative a trial till they

that way to use your remedy.

You can publish this if you think proper. Yours, &c.,
S. W. MIDDLE TON
S. W. MIDDLE TON
Cant. 9, 1859. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9, 1859.
PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving

duce many others to try it.
Yours, respectfully,
D. R. THOMAS, M. D.,

CHRISTMAS IS COMING. BY CALLING, you will find a new and well-selected stock of Goods for the Hollidays, of many varieties, as follows, at KELLEY'S BOOK STORE:

Gold " " " " Gold Pencils and Silver Cases. and Pens.

Gold Pencils and Silver Cases.

The Women of Beauty,
The Stratford Gallery,
The Stratford Gallery,
The Court of Napoleon,
Priendahip's Offering,
Shell Jewelry Cases,
Bibles, Prayer-Books,
A variety of fine Pictures, framed, such as Paul and Virginia, Virginia's Infancy, Capt. B. McCulloch, Emigration of Daniel Boone, Capture of his Daughters by the Indians, Re-capture of the same by Boone and his companions, The Fallen Angel—taken from Milton's Paradise Lost, Death-Bed of Calvin, with many others.

A full supply of Childrens' Books—every variety.
Burns, Moore, Byron, Hood, Shakspere—bound in antique.
Albums of a number of varieties, to suit customers.
Waverly Novels—bound in half-calf.

Waverly Novels—bound in half-calf.

Call soon, before the crowd gets here, and you will have more time to make your selections to suit yourselves.

LIGHT, FINE

derson & Savage; with naval stores.

19.—Steamer North Carolina, Barber, from Fayetteville.

New Steamer Kate McLaurin, Evans, from Fayetteville,

Steamer Fanny Lutterlob, Elder, for Fayetteville, by A. 17 -- Steamer Hattie Hart, Peck, for Fayetteville, by Smith

2 bbls and 1 box of wax, 100 hides.
Schr. J. G. Stille, Hoffman, for Philadelphia, by T. C. &
B. G. Worth, with 504 bbls spirits turpentine, 334 do. rosin,
33 bales cotton, 111 do. sheeting, 590 bushels pea nuts, 1
bbl. bacon, 1 do. potatoes, 2 rolls leather, 12 doz. shovels,
16 bags dried fruit, 145 empty kegs, 9 do. hhds.
Schr. E. D. McClenahan, Mitchell, for Baltimore, by T. C.

Schrs. T. P. Lerned, Frambes, for Philadelphia, by Harriss & Howell; with 626 bbls. spirits, turpt., 894 do. rosin, 54 bales cotton, 1,265 bushels pea nuts, 1,634 do. wheat,

MEDICAŁ.

UNRIVALLED IN MARKET,

My hair is now its natural color and much improved in

appearance every way, being glossier and thicker and much more healthy looking. I am, Yours Respectfully, HENRY JENKINS. Cor. Columbia and Carroll Sts., Brooklyn.

LIVINGSTON, Ala., Feb. 14, 1858.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative has done much good in this part of the country. My hair has been slightly diminishing for several years, caused, I suppose, from a slight born when I was quite an infant. I have been recommendative for any weeks, and I find that.

PROF. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact BALD. I have used but 2 half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendations, I can induce many others to try it.

Nye, \$1 10 @ 1 20; Lard—14 @ 15 cents; Molasses—Cuba
28 @ 30 cents; New Orleans, 50 @ 00 cents; Salt—Liver
pool Sack, \$1 75 @ 2 00; Turpentine—Yellow dip, \$2 15
@ 0 00; Virgin, \$1 62 @ 1 75; Hard, \$1 00 @ 1 15; Spirits,
37 a 00 cents.

Cotton—The receipts since our last review, although not
very large, have been fair, with sales on Friday at 10 a 10;
for best grades.

Flour—The receipts have not been large since our last.—
There has been an active demand, with an advance of 15 a
20 cts. per barrel on all grades.

Spirits Turpentine—Very little doing: sales on Saturday

DEALERS.

Yours, respectfully,
D. R. THOMAS, M. D.,
No. 464 Vine Street.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz:
large, medium, and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least
for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per
cent. more in proportion, and retails for \$3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New
AND SOLD & VALL GOOD DEUGGISTS AND FANCY GOODS
DEALERS.

Rosewood Writing Desks, Brass-bound.

Mahogany do. do "

Rosewood Work-Boxes—several sizes.

Gold Cannon Pencils, Gold Screw do.

Gold Mounted Gutta-Percha Pencils—handsome.

HANDSOME, and entirely new in style; is the new Zou-ave Hat, at the Hat & Cap Emporium, 34 Market St Dec. 20. MYERS & MOORE.

THE ONLY ARTICLE

at 9½; 41 at 10½; 112 at 10½; 162 at 10½; 138 at 10½; 95 at 10½; 445 at 11; 389 at 11½, and 211 bales at 11½c.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 19.—Flour is active; Howard street
\$5 25. Wheat steady; white \$1 25 a 1 43. Corn is active; in and out of the N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment every

using your Hair Restorative for six weeks, and I find that I have a fine head of hair now growing, after having used all other remedies known, to no effect. I think it the most valuable remedy now extant, and advise all who are afflicted

Dec. 21, 1859.

C. & B. G. Worth.

16—Schr. E. L. B. Wales, Hoffman, for Philadelphia, by T. C. & B. G. Worth; with 470 bbls. spirits turpt., 100 do. rosin, 100 do. pitch, 47 bales cotton, 15 do. Sheeting, 81 do. yarn, 14 hhds and 1 bbl. molasses, 763 bushels pea nuts, 13 bags dried fruit, 2 boxes mdze.

Brig Mazatlan, McCarter, for Cienfugos, by T. C. & B. G. Worth; with 113,000 feet of lumber.

Worth; with 213 bbls. spirits turpt., 626 do. crude do., 745 do. rosin, 144 do. soap stone, 105 bales cotton, 1323 bushels pea nuts, 1 bbl. oil.

note a moderate demand. Sales from carts at 7 to 8 cents per lb.

Spirits turpt., 36 do. copper ore, 5 do. liquor, 8 do. tallow, 5 hhds. hides, 7 do. old iron, 70 cords jumper wood.

21—Schr. Ellen Randall, Davis, for Little River, by D. A.

bbls. liquor, 7 boxes mdze.

Schr. Jos. Grice, Thompson, for New York, by T. C. & B. G. Worth; with 1,028 bbls. crude turpt, 110 do. spirits do., 232 do. rosin, 60 do. soap stone, 131 bales cotton, 65 bdls paper, 116 bush. pea nuts, 5 bbls. and 8 boxes dried fruit.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8, 1859.

Comm'ssioners' Election.

At the election held Thursday for Commissioners of Town, the vote cast was very small, amounting to only declined on account of ill-health. O. G. Parsley, Esq., was put on the "Old Board Ticket" in place of Mr. Davis.

Some votes were cast for another ticket composed partly of the same names with those on the "old Board" and partly of different ones—all no doubt good men and think that in the event of Sherman's election merely, the true-but under existing circumstances there was no desire for change, and therefore no serious opposition .-The small vote polled shows the little excitement existing. to judge, but these are our notions.

Inquest. Thursday Coroner R. J. Jones held an inquest over the dead body of a negro named Sam, the property of appear that Sam came to his death about two weeks McArthur. since, under the following circumstances:-Sam and some other boys belonging to Mr. Miller, had been runaway for a long while and had been outlawed; Messrs. Jones and Ballenton of the town Guard received information which led them to believe that some of the runaways might be within the neighborhood of Smith's Creek, and they therefore waited for them about the morning of the 1st inst. Shortly Sam and another approached as if from the direction of town. When arrested, they appeared willing to submit quietly, but subsequently attempted resistance as soon as their captors had laid down their guns for the purpose of tying the negroes. A tussle ensued, in the course of which Sam broke and ran for the creek, into which he sprang and was drowned. Verdict "accidental drowning."

The Wind Up.

By the time our paper goes to press, the negroes, Copeland and Green, will have been hung. In the afternoon Coppie and Cooke. We had understood that the order would have been different—that the white men would have got the first chance, but the Virginia papers

This will end most of the excitement for the present, and Charlestown and Harper's Ferry will subside into their normal condition, or nearly so-for their doing so fully may be doubted. These alarms tend to produce a feeling of insecurity among the people of the borders, and the natural result is to force slave property further south, and it is doing it rapidly. The negroes are going off from the frontier States, and this is part of the concerted plan of the enemies of the institution. They say they don't want to interfere with the institution as it exists in the States, yet by their continued agitation and refusal to surrender fugitives, they in fact do war against it most efficiently.—Daily Journal, 16th inst.

Progressive.—We have before us a very neatly the daily issue to be continued during the session of the ed the Courier. In politics, the paper is to be of the concluded to try and inform you of the state of things Legislature, which convened on the 5th. The House Southern Rights Democratic School; to be furnished at at this time. Up to this time we have had a remarkably of Representatives contains 26 Democrats and 13 Resix dollars a year for the Daily, and two dollars for the stead about 75 degrees above 75 de publicans. The Council (equivalent to a Senate) con- Weekly, in advance. tains 9 Democrats and 4 Republicans. Among the

The Governor's message contradicts the frequently made and generally credited assertion, that "the portion of this territory within five hundred miles of the Rocky Mountains on the East, extending from the 39th to the NORTH CAROLINA CONFERENCE, METHODIST or below zero by to-morrow morning. Every person, 49th parallel of Latitude, has been found to be a desert of sand and stones." He says that is all a mistake.-The Governor argues strongly in favor of the right of Nebraska to have a State organization, combatting the objection founded upon the deficiency of population to entitle her to a representative.

MEETINGS .- They have had meetings in Boston and Philadelphia to save the Union, which, being translated into the dialect of Northern commercial cities, means to save the monopoly of the Southern trade which these same Northern commercial cities now enjoy, and off which they grow rich more rapidly than any other cities

But while these things have been got up with much Mr. Shell was appointed in his place. parade, and some good doctrine has been preached at them, hundreds and thousands of other meetings have been held every Sunday, all through the New England States, and all through the rural districts of the North and West, wherever a church has been erected or a religious gathering held. There hundreds and thousands of preachers and exhorters have preached and exhorted against slavery—they have prayed against it—they have led their hearers to believe that their duty as Christians required of them opposition to slavery and best way in appointing frustees of our Colleges. He slave-holders. Compare the influence of the few isolated political meetings to endorse the Constitution and the Union, with the innumerable religious ones that day by day and week by week, inculcate opposition to rights constitutionally guaranteed, as a conscientious obligation.

In the House of Representatives on Wednesday last pending the discussion of the sectional issues which are now agitated in connection with the election of a Speaker, Daniel Sickles, of New York, made one of the best and soundest speeches that has fallen from the lips of any northern man, or, we might say, of any man dur- Wyche, J. W. Floyd, Pell, Barrett, Mann, Keerns, ing the present agitation. He defended the South ably Clegg, Gibbons, W. M. D. Moore, Hooker, Yarrell, and well from the attacks of Hickman, of Pennsylvania, Richardson, Culbreth, Bibb, Taylor, Bobbitt, P. Doub, and others, and was much applauded.

We are glad to see that if Mr. Sickles has erred as a man, he at least has not fallen from his principles as a politician. When we see firmness of any kind, true and Johnson, Ricaud, King, Heflin, Closs, Brent, Walsh, unflinching adherence to principle on any point, it gives Jere. Johnson, Shell, Fisher, Davis, Gunn, Jones, Tuckus assurance of the existence of what some Massachu- er, Wheeler and Hill. setts man called back-bone, character, and enables us to put a better construction upon doubtful points of con- into the North Carolina Conference. duct, than we otherwise could have felt satisfied in

It is hardly probable that an organization will be effected before January, nor is it deemed desirable that ter, the person who made the violent and abusive attack it should be. Our friends North think that the longer upon Dr. Deems, through the press, which attack has it is deferred, the better, because it will enable the sober | been pronounced by the church to be "wholly false"second thought of the Northern people to give itself expression. For almost the first time in the history of thing possible to help him. In return he is to be tried the country, our opponents realize that there is danger for mal-administration. So goes the world. The comof a dissolution, and the meetings held by influential northern constituencies cannot fail to exert a conservative influence upon their representatives. We look for a marked change of tone in Congress from that which Rev. Mr. Nicholson, President of the Missionary Sohad been anticipated at the opening of the session. The ciety, called that Society to order. The following offi-Republican members will "come down a peg" volun-Rev. Jos. H. Wheeler, Secretary; T. H. Selby, Esq., age of squash seeds, in expelling that really frightful tarily, as indeed they show already an evident disposi- Treasurer. tion to do. The endorsers of Helper's book are among

The President will not probably send in his message | Rev. W. Carter, and Ivev. Mr. Nicholson. Carter's counsel to prosecute Rev. Mr. Nicholson. to the Senate before the first of January, being disposed to wait at least that long for the organization of the happy, and a pleasant state of things prevails. House, especially as no actual business can be done be-

The Democrats and South Americans united, fall

We think there can be little doubt of the eventual election of Sherman, the Republican candidate for speakership of the House. Three of the anti-Locomptonites, have already voted for him. These three are Hickman and Schwartz, of Pa., and Haskins, of New York. These men are already Republicans.

A little manœuvring, like that practiced on Thursday, 271, all told. The former Commissioners were all re- will elect him, even if he gets no more votes than the 110 elected, with the exception of Geo. W. Davis, Esq., who already cast for him. A few more pairings off, or neglects, or refusals to vote, will leave 110 a majority of all the votes cast.

We don't know, but it would be about as well to elect him at once, as to consume as long in doing it, as was consumed in the selection of N. P. Banks. We don't Southern Senators and Representatives ought to desert their posts. Those on the ground have a better chance

High Prices for Negroes.

Dr. C. T. Murphy, of Sampson County, sold to J. A. McArthur a negro man 23 years old, 6 feet 2 inches C. B. Miller, Esq. The body was found in Smith's in height, weighing 221 pounds, well muscled, a good Creek, near the point where the Wilmington and Wel- cooper and field hand, in fact a perfect negro, for \$1,650. don Rail Road crosses it. From the testimony, it would Those having big negroes to sell had better call on

> that Judge Douglas has done everything in his power trial, according to ecclesiastical usage. to secure Bocock's election as Speaker, by reasoning with the few refractory Democrats. His want of success has not been from lack of exertion. The fact is, the Forneyites have been using Judge Douglas, name to promote their own ends, not out of love or affection for him. When Haskins goes back to Westchester county, viz: Kev. Messrs. Holmes, Blake, Garrard, McIntosh, New York, with this plain Republican vote recorded against him, he will fall cold as a wedge. How Hickman and Schwartz may fare, is more than we can say.

> The latest accounts from Mexico leave little doubt that the scale has turned decidedly and irretrievably probably commence to-morrow: against the "Liberals," and in favor of the Centralists or Church party. It is hardly probable that the contest can be continued much longer on the part of the my trial in Louisburg, N. C., to which I at the time rowing down within the city of Vera Cruz, and, with- the hands of P. Elder out some extrinsic aid must soon cease altogether, although even then it may be difficult to come to any defirst specification, though urged by me both orally and finite conclusion as to where the de facto power of the by letter, with assurance that I considered said copy nation is to be found. Miramon is called President, but necessary to this present investigation, thereby placing may not be so for any length of time. We can hardly be said to have any diplomatic relations with Mexico. The Juarez government can hardly claim to any de faco character, and the affair at the centre, has no intercourse at all with us, and refuses to listen to any of our reclamations or demands. We had as well have war at once. Naturally, this Mexican question must occupy a considerable space in the next President's Message, in officially publishing, in the N. C. Advocate of July

A. T. Banks, Esq., for some time associated with Mr. Sinclair, in the management of the Fayette. ville Carolinian, proposes, on or about the 16th day of printed newspaper called the Daily Nebraskian, pub. January next, to commence the publication of a daily lished at Omaha, N. T., on the 7th day of December, and weekly paper in the town of Fayetteville, to be call-

We trust that Mr. Banks' enterprise may meet with up a "Norther" and we had quive a good rain, the first Democratic members of the Council we find the name abundant success. No doubt he will do everything in we have had since the last of August, of any amount. of T. J. Boykin, of Sarpy county. Mr. Boykin hails his power, to render it worthy of that success. Mr. B. originally from the good old county of Sampson, N. C. is a young gentlemen of talent, and we have always regarded him as every way worthy and deserving.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH_SOUTH.

Beaufort, N. C., 14th Dec., 1859. The Conference was assembled at 10 o'clock in Purvis Chapel, the Rev. Bishop Early in the Chair. Divine service was conducted by Rev. Jos. H. Whee ler, the excellent Pastor in Beaufort.

Rev. Wm. E. Pell was appointed Secretary. The following Committees were appointed:
On Books and Periodicals—Messrs. Barringer, C. P. ones, Burkhead, Cunninggim and W. S. Chaffin.

On Memoirs-Messrs. Hendren, J. Jones, and J. B. On Education-Messrs, Deems, Tillett, Reid, J. H. Wheeler, Doub, Wilson and D. B. Nicholson. Dr. Deems requested to be excused from serving on old North Carolina.

the Committee of Education. He was excused. Rev. The Committee on Sunday Schools-Rev. J. T Wyche, Junius P. Moore, and Wm. H. Bobbitt. The Committee on American Bible Society-Rev.

Messrs. Hudson, Barrett, and Moran. The Committee on Parsonages-Rev. Mess's. Carraway, M. C. Thomas, and J. N. Andrews. The Committee on Necessitous Cases—Rev. Messrs

Culbreth and Floyd. Rev. Mr. Rowzee, of Va., was introduced to the Con-

moved to appoint a Committee to nominate Trustees to the Conference. It was so ordered, and the Committee on Education was appointed to attend to this matter. Rev. John Bent's character was passed, and he was continued on probation.

Dr. Deems made a report in regard to the following ministers, who were thereupon elected to Elder's Orders, viz: M. C. Thomas, Jos. Thomas, Jas. H. Bobbitt, J. A. Cunniggim, T. L. Triplett, Meacham, Hunt, Bruton, Jos. Wheeler and James Wheeler.

The following Elders passed in the review of charac Reid, Pepper, Norman, Phillips, Lewis, Simpson, Barringer, J. B. Martin, N. F. Reid, H. T. Hudson, S. D. Peeler, W. W. Albea, Avent, Anderson, Helsahech, I. Barnes. Deems. Guthrie, Harris, Cunninggim, Carraway, Weaver, O. J. Brent, Tinnin, Tillett, Chaffin, Adams, Gray, D. W. Doub, Henderson, H. Gray, (who was superannuated,) Farrar, J. Reid, Campbell, Jordan, Maynard, B. F. Long, T. Moore, J. P. Moore, Alford,

Rev. Geo. W. Deems, father of Rev. Dr. Deems, who located at the late Virginia Conference, was re-admitted

The Bishop announced that he had laid over the character of Rev. D. B. Nicholson, because he had heard that there were complaints. This alludes to the charge to be brought against Mr. Nicholson by Rev. W. Car-Mr. Nicholson presided over the committee which tried Mr. Carter for the libel, and from all we hear did everysee what is to be done and full report made.

Immediately upon the adjournment of Conference

The evening boat brought several additional minis-Rev. W. Carter, and Rev. Mr. Archer, of Va., Mr. The citizens are doing all they can to make visitors

A'so, a letter from T. O. Summers, which was simi-

Also, a letter from Rev. Dr. Taylor, which was re-ferred to the Committee on Sunday Schools. The tollowing Communications were referred to the Committee on Education, viz: From President Jones, of Greensboro'; from President Craven, of Trinity; from Lenoir Institute; from Glen Anna Seminary

from Rev. Mr. Hines, Agent for Wayne Female Col-

Rev. Mr. Bayley, of Va., author of "Confessions of a count of rumours of Converted Infidel," was introduced to the Conference. French, to 70f. 30c. (Rev. Mr. Rouzee, of Va., was presented yesterday.) Rev. T. S. Campbell wes located.

Rev. Mr. Martin presented a report, as did Rev. Mr. Andrews, both agents for Trinity College. Referred to Education Committee. Rev. Dr. Craven was admitted to membership in the

Conference, as was Rev. Mr. Burton; the latter was also elected to Elder's orders. The following Deacons, viz.: A. W. Mangum, Gco. E. Wyche, Wm. C. Gannon, James F. Smoot, A. D. Betts, J. S. Long, J. B. Bailey, passed an examination

When Dr. Deems was called upon to represent the case of the Rev. Mr. Long, from your city, he told the Conference that Mr. Long had probably many equals in the Southern Church, but probably no superior in Amer

Messrs. Millis, Hester, B. F. Guthrie, Scovill, Jen-A correspondent of the Petersburg Press, says kins. Wm. H. Wheeler and Brooks, were continued on

Messrs. T. B. Kingsbury, Richard S. Webb, Frank-lin S. Wood, Jeffrey H. Robbins, R. T. M. Stevenson, B. B. Culbreth, were admitted on probation into the The following Elders were passed in the examination

and Dozier. Rev. L W. Martin's character passed in examination. Rev. M. H. Hight was re-admitted, having "located"

wo years before. The following is the bill of charges against Mr. Nicholson, presented by Mr. Carter. The discussion will

"I charge Rev. D. B. Nicholson, P. E. of Raleigh District, N. C. Conterence, with mal-administration. " Specification 1st. In all his decisions made during Juarez government, whose authority is gradually nar- made and entered objections, as see journal of trial in

Specification 2d. In refusing me a copy of the records, at my own expense, of the decisions referred to in the

me at great disadvantage with himself. Specification 3d. In doing me grievous wrong, 1st, By legalizing a decision of the committee in my case, which while it proposes to acquit me, at the same time involves the severest, and, as I claim, most unmerited censure against me. 2d. In permitting the committee to transcend their authority by administering this censure, when their province was only to find me guilty and suspend me until Conference, or to acquit me. And 3d, when that document is sent in. Congress will most pro- 28, 1859, said decision of censure, and thereby unnecesbably squabble over the slavery question and neglect sarily and illegally doing me damage before the Church and the world.

WM. CARTER.

"P W. ARCHER, Counsel." "R. M. College, Va., Oct. 7th, 1859." From our Texas Correspondent. WASHINGTON, TEXAS, December, 2d, 1859.

"The Weather."

MESSES. EDITORS: Supposing that you might be glad stood about 75 degrees above zero, and up to ten o'clock About two o'clock this morning it commenced " sleetmuch colder than I ever felt it in North Carolina. The thermometer stands now at 15 degrees and is falling fast. It is getting colder every hour. We think it will be at nearly, are in doors to-day. Nothing doing in the way of selling dry goods, &c.

The yellow fever has been raging in Galveston, Houston, Hempstead, Cypress City, Montornery and several other cities and town in this State, but we hope this spell will check the fatal disease. Our town is filled, and has been for two months nearly, with the citizens of the different places awaiting for the fever to abate so they may leave with impunity.
"The Cotton crops" have been very good in this part

of the State, and the prettiest sort of weather for gathering the crops. We are buying Cotton from the farmers now, at from 8 1-2c. a 10c. per lb. for good middling, &c. There is a large emigration to this State at this time, and any number of families are settling in and about our town. I am glad to say some of them are from good

It is so very cold I must close. Yours respectfully,

The collowing extraordinary paragraph appeared in a late number of the Manchester Guardian. It well illustrates the absurd tenacity with which the customs of

present case. Says the Guardian: cotton yarn porters of Glasgow, to which we cannot help through the interstices of the willow wands, the earthly making a reference here. It appears that the warehouses in that city have no teagles or hoists. A porter is con- machine. Previous to this, however, a simple but insequently obliged to carry on his shoulders, up three, and even four stories, the big, hard, clumsy, and very heavy lel series of rods made to strike upon a table of cords, skip in which spinners pack their cops. All that the poor fellows ask, is that the weight of the skip shall be ries of rods, after giving a flat blow, was drawn horizongreat enough for the strongest to tug up so many flights discharge another blow by certain combinations of powof steps. The petitioners tell how their excessive bur- er, which was equal to the manural operation, but it bedens wear out their strength prematurely, and often ' reduce some of their number to sudden poverty by accidents which disable them. The petition they prefer, is so respectfully worded that it cannot but produce a tavorable impression upon those to whom it is addressed: and we are glad to see that its prayer is supported by not fewer than sixty-eight manufacturing firms, and by twenty-five yarn agency houses. We can entertain no doubt that the evil complained of will be re-

A TRIP UPON THE CAPE FEAR.—By the kind invitation of Messrs. Orrell & Dailey, we took a trip upon their beautiful new boat, just launched, named Kate McLaurin, after Miss 'Kate, daughter of Wm. McLaurin, Esq., of this town.

Four months ago to-day, the first blow was struck in the building of this boat, and to-day, she is afloat .-Daily. She was built under the direction and superintendance of Mr. Orrell, and is a credit to him. We want a few more such men as he is amongst us to give an impetus to the business of our town.

The Kate is 126 feet long, and 221/2 wide, 3 feet lepth of hole. She is a real "sharp shooter," and will oubtless be the fastest boat on the river—so we should judge from her running on yesterday. Her Engine was built by I. P. Morris, & Co., of Philadelphia, and works most admirably. Mr. Orrell has secured the services of an admirable officer in the person of Capt. Wm. Evans. Our readers know that he is always gentlemanly and

She has two splendid cabins, and an excellent dining saioon, and upon the whole, she is a splendid craft. Mr. Orrell expects she will leave for Wilmington in a day or

age of squash seeds, in expelling that really frightful and singularly organized worm, which takes possession of the stomach and intestines, occurred a few days since ters-Rev. Mr. Heflin, Editor of N. C. Advocate; in the neighborhood of Boston. A lady who had suf-Weldon, N. C., Dec. 5, 1859.

Weldon, N. C., Dec. 5, 1859.

Weldon, N. C., Dec. 5, 1859.

American Tract Repository Damaged.—N. York, Bales Gunny Bagging.

Bales Gunny Bagging.

Bales Gunny Cloth, standard weight, in store and in his humane efforts to make the remedy known, has good reason for believing that she finally triumphed, good reason for believing that she finally triumphed, in that represents the finally triumphed, in the representation of \$77,000; Beaufort, N. C., Dec. 15th, 1859.

The Conference was opened with divine service contract that at least one thousand feet of tapeworm had been will be only retarded a few days. The Conference was opened with divine service conshort of a majority of the House. So do the Republicans. The balance of power lies with the anti-Lecompton Democrats, some of whom say that under no circumstances will they vote for a republican, while others assert as strongly, the impossibility of their being induced go for an administration Democrat.

The Conference was opened with divine service conducted by Rev. Dr. Deems, Bishop Early, Rev. D. B. ducted by Rev. Dr. Doub.

Communications were received from the Southern Publishing House, endorsing the Annual Exhibit, &c., and the conducted by taking the new preparation. One hundred feet of tapeworm had been ducted by taking the new preparation. One hundred feet by taking the new preparation. One hundred feet have on several occasions been expelled, after taking a dose. From an inspection of portions preserved in the conduction of provious preserved in the intestinal tube at the several worms, of uncommon length, have existed in the intestinal tube at the feet have on several occasions been expelled, after taking a dose. From an inspection of portions preserved in the conduction of provious preser

Further Foreign Rems. The steamers Nova Scotian, from Liverpool at Portand, and the Bremen, from Southampton, at New York,

both with dates to the 30th ult., arrived on the 15th inst. The papers bring us a few additional items which The invitations to the European Congress have been

ssued, and it is to meet early in January. Queenstown, Thursday Afternoon, Dec. 1 .- The steam The following were appointed a Committee to direct the appropriation of the funds collected by Mr. Hines, viz: Messrs. Fisher, J. B. Martin, and Jas. Brent.

Queenstown, I harsday Alternoon, Dec. 1.—1 de statement of Vanderbilt arrived at Liverpool on the 30th, and the steamer City of Baltimore arrived to-day.

Paris, Wednesday.—The rentes have declined, on account of rumours of a bombardment of Tangier by the

THE EURPEAN CONGRESS .- The London Morning Post says that Austria still holds out against the terms proposed by France, and supported by England, for go-

ing into congress. The text of the treaties recently signed at Zurich have been published, but contain nothing not aiready known.

The effective force of the Prussian army has again

ITALY .- The difficulties made by Tuscany in the matter of the delegation of the regency of Central Italy to Buoncompagni have not been settled. The Assemblies of Central Italy are to be convoked and the return of Garibaldi is demanded.

Morocco. - Accounts from Morocco state that 4.000 Moors at acked, for the third time, the redoubt before Sevilla, but were completely defeated by the Spaniards. FRANCE —The battery erecting at Hurfleur to command the mouth of the Seine, has been completed. SPAIN.—The Bank of Barcelona has offered to the Spanish government an advance of five million reals, with ut interest for all the time the war with Morocco

MARKETS .- The sales of cotton at Liverpool during the last two days foot up 15,000 bales, including 2,000 bales taken for speculation and export. The market closes generally unchanged. Inferior qualities are diffi-

Breadstuffs close quiet, but prices steady. Corn has declining tendency Provisions are quiet.

Liverpool Produce Market.—Rosin closed dull. London, Dec. 1 .- Consols 96 1/8 a 963/4.

From the U. S. Economist. Cotton Manufacturers...No. 2.

In the preparation of these papers, we are aware that much of the detail noticed may not be of value to the practical spinner, the facts being already familiar to him; but as the incidental object is to make them interesting to the general reader, we shall be more minute

than would otherwise be necessary.

The first operation after the cotton is received, is to open ten to fifty bales, as circumstances may admit, and form a bing or bunker of cotton—the object of which is to properly mix the staple; as many different qualities are found in the different bags, and such mixture should be made so as to insure a yarn of uniform quality. This is too often omitted altogether in this country, or intrusted to careless or incompetent persons, but its importance cannot be over-estimated. The manner of making a bing in the manufactories of England is described as follows: "Every bag or bale that is to be mixed should be brought forward one by one, opened and spread out equally over the whole surface of the bing, beginning at the bottom, and so on, alternately, layer above layer, or bag above bag, and pressed down, or trampled exactly in the same manner as building a

hay stack.' The bing being formed, the cotton is taken from one side, from top to bottom, either by hand, or in the more approved way, by the use of an instrument resembling a gardener's rake, which operation is considered by some to be nearly equal to the subsequent process of passing it through the willow. It may be observed, that a more equal mixture can be obtained with a bing of fifty bales, than with a less number; therefore, space will be required in the picking-room sufficiently large to admit that quantity, besides the machines which prepare the cotten for the cards. This picking-room should occupy a wing of the main building, 30 feet by 70, for a mill of Lane treaty. This document contains a clause, allowing four thousand spindles—a less number of spindles not the entry of American troops into Mexican territory for be separated by a wall of sufficient thickness to prevent fire, to which it is peculiarly liable, extending to the other departments. Many of our mil's, indeed a majority of them, have a small space in the main building reserved for their picking-room, sufficient to open only four or five bales of cotton at one time, and only sufficiently large for the whipper and lapper. The first of these is designed to open the cotton and free it from the entangled mass, and generally consists of a cylinder punctured with iron teeth, making 1800 to 2400 revolutions per minute, and which destroys the staple in a greater or a less degree. This may not be discovered by the casual observer, in the coarse numbers, perhaps, but it would be imposssible to produce uniform fine yarns after such preparation. This machine was so generally adopted in the earlier history of manufacturing, for its wonderful capacity in opening cotton, as well as the small space required in its management. We are happy to know, however, that its use is being abandoned by the most practical spinners, as entirely unfitted for the Mr. Ingold, writing over his own proper name, has purpose designed; but yet it or its counterpart, is in given a full account in to-day's Standard of this " Revuse in more than one half of the mills in the United

States at the present time. We have previously remarked, that at an early period, in order to clean the cotton, it was spread in small quantities to an elastic table of tasselated cords, through the meshes of which the seeds and dust were made to fall, by beating it by hand with slender rods, while the spring of the table opened the nots or entanglements of the fibre. Afterwards the willow was brought into general dore Parker, E. H. Chapin, and H. W. Bellows, of the use for opening the staple. Its object was to clean the North, and to M. D. Conway, John G. Fee, James S. cotton slightly by a winnowing action, and was simply a cylindrical cage made of willow, with a rotary axis a cylindrical cage made of willow, with a rotary axis a cylindrical cage made of willow, with a rotary axis action. All these reverend gentlemen, ministers of the South. All these reverend gentlemen, ministers of the control of centuries ago are adhered to in the "old coun'ry." The and cross arms. From this all machines designed for different denominations, feel it their duty to preach idea of a warehonse without hoisting apparatus, will that purpose have derived their names, although in their strike the reader as not less strange than cruel in the construction they are entirely different. The cotton was put into the hopper near the upper end, and on turn-In our advertising columns, there is an appeal to ing round the axis it tumbled down the inclined plane, the cotton spinners of England and Scotland, from the passed out the bottom, discharging in its progress impurities, and afterwards passed through the spreading genious contrivance was used, which consisted of a paralin imitation of beating by a number of hands-each sereduced to 'a maximum of 200 lbs'-a weight surely tally by a sliding motion, and then raised vertically to ing somewhat complicated, was superceded by other

machines greatly interior in every respect. At the present time, the most approved openers substantially of this construction. They do not have fore the eyes, is apt to make a man a philosophe the tassclated cords, but in their stead is used the raw hide, with pertorations to allow the dust and extraneous matter to pass and become separated from the staple.-This simple machine being enclosed deposits the sand in Dec. 17th drawers which are freed daily, and prevents much of the dust attendant on the picking, while it does not injure the fibre. It is so effectual in cleaning the cotton as not to require so much labor for the lapper. We deem this method of opening and cleaning cotton of so much importance to manufacturers, that we shall give a detailed description of it in subsequent papers, and, as it is quite inexpensive, we hope it may be adopted by all millowners. It is in practical operation at the Rockdale Mill, Uxbridge, Mass., and can be seen also in the mills This speaks well for the enterprise of Messrs Orrell & of the Messrs. Slaters, who abandoned the whipper long since, as being practically worthless.

> Some time last spring I received a letter from Messrs Appleton & Co., of New York-in reply to one I had written them-giving the names of several distinguished gentlemen of North Carolina whose biographies they THE CLOTHING STORE!

pædia Gov. Ellis was among the number, and first to be sent. This was prepared and forwarded within the time prescribed by the Messrs. A., but they say it was received too late, and I am glad of it. Those of Gov. Swain, Judge Saunders, Mr. Macon, Col. Joyner, and others were in a state of preparation when information reached me that the book would contain biographies of Fred. Douglas, Otis, Lucretia Mott, Phillips, Stowel and all the other prominent black and white, mail and female abolitionists. I at once determined that none of North Carolina's honored names should appear in the female abolitionists. I at once determined that none of same book through any agency of mine, and I publish this card to notify my friends (while I thank them) who have aided me with data.

J. F. SIMMONS. J. F. SIMMONS.

The original tract house escaped injury. The business

BY TELEGRAFII.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec., 15th, 1859. SENATE. - Mason's resolution of Inquiry in reference o the circumstances connected with the seizure of the U. S. Armory at Harper's Ferry was unanimously adopted yesterday.

House.-Another vote was taken for Speaker yesterday, without exhibiting any material change.

Texas Senator. GALVESTON, Texas, Dec. 14th, 1859. Wigfall has been elected to the U. S. Senate by a majority of two over Houston. This is a victory for the regular Democratic organization over the friends of Sam Houston. Considerable excitement prevails. Later from Europe.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 16th, 1859. The Steamship Nova Scotian has arrived at this port with dates from Liverpool to the 30th ult. The European Congress will meet early in January. It is uncertain whether England will join.

Cooke and Copple out of Jall and Retaken. CHARLESTOWN, VA., Dec. 16th, 1859. Yesterday Cooke and Coppie attempted to escapethey got out of prison, but were rearrested and rejailed.

Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C. Dec. 16th, 1859. SENATE. Yesterday the Senate merely elected a Chaplain and adjourned over till Monday.

House.-Two votes for Speaker were taken yesterday :- Sherman 110 votes : Bocock 85 votes. Liverpool Market. LIVERPOOL, Nov. 30th, 1859.

Cotton.-Market closed nominally unchanged. Previous quotations barely maintained. Manchester advices are favorable. The market closed

firm at higher prices. Breadstuffs .- All qualities have slightly declined.

VERDICT .- New York, December 15 .- The Adams' Express Company gained a verdict to-day against Nathan Maroney, their former Agent at Montgomery, Ala., for \$53,000.

Supreme Court. On Tuesday last the following gentlemen were examned by the Judges of the Supreme Court, and being found qualified, were granted licenses to practice Law in the several Superior Courts of this State: Gilbert M. Patterson, Richmond; W. J. Walker

Martin ; F. M. Charles, Elizabeth City ; Jas. W. Hinton, do.; Frank Vaughan, do.; Henry Mullins, Fayetteville; Thos. T. Kenan, Duplin; J. T. Brown, High Point, N. C.; Jas. R. Bulla, Ashboro', N. C.; Nat. Allen, Warren Co.; G. H. Gregory, Washington Co.; L. W. Howard, New Hanover; J. W. Payne, Greensboro', N. C.; Geo. W. Blount, Nash Co.; P. E. Spruill, Warrenton, N. C.; C. W. Spruill, do.; Thos. N. Hill, Halifax ; H. C. Jones, jr., Salisbury ; Edward H. Plummer, Warrenton; Jas. A. Wright, Wilmington.

Mexican It. ma. NEW ORLEANS, December 15 .- The Church party in Sonora are preparing for a revolution against Pesquiera. Senor Romero, the new Juarez Secretary of Legation,

eft this city to-day for Washington. Senor Tejada has returned to the Juarez Cabinet which has consented to the ratification of the new Mcng consistent with economical production—and should the protection of American interests, when the Government of Mexico does not adequate security.

ACTING MIDSHIPMEN APPOINTED .- Among the ca didates examined, found qualified and admitted into the the late academic year, were the following:—James Hoban Sands and Daniel Carroll, of Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. Maryland; William P. Mason A. P. Being W. J. William P. Mason A. P. Being W. William P. W liam P. Mason, A. P. Beirne, Wm. C. Hutter, Wm. W. Cook, Henry S. Cooke, Robert A. Camm. Freeman Epes and A. F. Brady, of Virginia; Richard S. Thew of the District of Columbia; James M. Stafford, S. S. Gregory and S. S. Hyatt, of North Carolina; John H. Moore, James C. Long, H. C. McDaniel and Richard S. Floy, of Tennessee; and F. Pearson, Philip W. Lowry, Geo. M. McClure, Geo. W. Wood, Chas. H. Poor, Jr., John C. Fortune, Wm. Hammatt, C. W. I'racey, F. J. Naile and Wm. W. Young, of Pennsyl-

" REVEREND " DANIEL WORTH .- Our correspondent erend" gentleman and his operation. Helper in his book, page 137, thus refers to the "Reverend" Daniel

Worth: "If, however, the reader would be pleased to hear from the churches to which we chiefly allude-and, by the by, he might hear from them with much profit to against slavery, and, to their honor be it said, they do preach against it with unabated zeal and success.'

We learn from a friend that Worth is disposing o copies of Helper's work. A young man who was found in possession of a copy, stated that he bought it from Rev. Daniel Worth, at preaching, on Tuesday night the 6th. Worth has been holding forth within a few days past in Chatham. He sympathizes with and eulogizes

Why is not this man arrested? If the law will not take hold of him, let the strong arm of an outraged people be stretched forth to arrest him in his incendiary work .- Raleigh Standard, 17th inst.

It makes a great difference whether glasses are used over or under the nose. If the former, the person can see and go straight ahead-if the latter, the head i rather apt to go where it can't see at all. A glass bebefore the mouth will most likely make him a fool.

BOXES COMMON TOBACCO. For sale very low.
Dec. 17th WILLARD & CURTIS. CASKS HANDSOME RICE; For sale by WILLARD & CURTIS. Dec. 17th

SUPERIOR BRAND of NAILS, all sizes. For sale by WILLARD & CURTIS. BUSH. PRIME WRITE CORN; now landing from Schr. James Buchanan. For sale by WILLARD & CURTIS. AXES. NAILS. &C.

COLLINS' and Boycey's Boxing Axes.
Collins' and Simmons' Timber do.
Broad Axes and Grubbing Hoes, Trace Chains, Cooper Tools. Nails, Hoop Iron, &c., &c. For sale by ZENO H. GREENE.

wished me to prepare for their " New American Cyclo- THE CLOTHING STORE! WHERE OVER COATS! WHERE OVER COATS! WHERE OVER COATS! Medium and very low priced OVER COATS!

Over Coats of all sizes, Black and Brown, every description of Over Coats—the prices cheap—before so low—now is the time—NOW! NOW!! NOW!!!

> 38 Market Street. HATHAWAY & CO. RICE. 25 CASKS, fresh beat, Charles'on Rice. For sale by Dec. 12. G. C. & W. J. MUN.:0.

At BALDWIN'S.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.

YESTERDAY WE RECEIVED by Adams & Co.'s Express, a fine lot of BEAVER CLOTHS, different colors, for Over Coats; FRENCH FANCY CASSIMERES, for Pants, and the handsomest lot of VELVET VESTINGS ever brough to this market. Call and examine for yourselves at HEINS & DOMLER'S

Merchant Tailoring Establishment and Clothing Store.

KID GLOVES. MODE COLOURE.

ALENCIENNES and Bruxelles Lace Sets—some entir y new styles—Collarettes and Piccolominis.

8. B. KAHNWEILER & CO.

Old Stand, Corner Store. MERINO UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS. 5() CENTS A PAIR. Call and see, at S. B. KAHN WEILER & CO.'S. SHEETINGS AND COTTON YARNS. BALES N. C. Sheetings and Cotton Yarns. For sale HEDRICK & RYAN.

YARN. 5 BALES in store. For sale by Dec. 6. W. H. MCRARY & CO. FOR CHILDREN. HEDRICK' & RYAN.

A T VERY great bargains. Dec. 6th HEDRICK & RYAN. SUNDRIES. PICKLES, CATSUP, Sauces, Jellies, Sardines, Pickled Lobster, Mustard, Sweet Oil, Pepper, Saleratus, Soda, Cream Tartar, &c. For sale by
L. B. HUGGINS & SONS

FRENCH MERINOES.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF CURTAIN DAMASK, of various colors, also a handsome variety of Cornices and Curtain fixtures.

C. POLVOGT.

Nov. 19.

Corner Front and Princess Street.

WACHOVIA FLOUR. SUPPLY of this superior FLOUR received on Saturday
For sale by L. B. HUGGINS & SONS. A For sale by A NEW LOT OF PARLOR AND OFFICE GRATES RECEIVED THIS DAY. Those who have been waiting L. C. TURNER

BUTTER, CHEESE AND LARD. 6 KEGS NO. 1 Goshen Butter;
50 Boxes N. Y. State Cheese, a prime article: 3 Barrels Leaf Lard. For sale by
Dec. 10. ALDERMAN & BETTENCOURT.

FRESH SUPPLY of extra Goshen Butter; City Mess Pork; N. Y. State Cheese; Flour and Buckwheat.

O. KELLEY. JUST RECEIVED.

Richardson, Spence & Co., quote Flour dull at a de cline of 1s; and wheat dull at a decline of 2 a 3d per cental. Corn dull and declined 1s per qr.

VERPLOY - New York December 15 The Adams!

JUST OPENED,

VERY rich and handsome assortment of WINDOW SHADES of every size, with BELCHER'S PATENT PENDULUM FIXTURES. This is an entirely new fixture and its simplicity must recommend itself to any one at first sight; also a large assortment of Picture Frame Moulding. C. POLVOGT.

THE \$40 DOUBLE LOCK STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINES. NOW ON EXHIBITION AT BARRY'S DAGUERREOTYPE GALLERY, MOZART HALL. COMPLETE WITH THE TABLE.

No Complicated Machinery—No Getting out of Order. ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FAMILY AND PLANTATION USE 1000 SITTCHES IN A MINUTE! These machines are warranted first class, and fully equa to the highest priced machines.

OBSERVE:—We invite all to bring any garment, Coarse or FINE, HEAVY or LIGHT, which we will make up at once, thus establishing the reputation of our Machines—the only

SEWING WITH IWO THREADS FROM TWO SPOOLS

low-priced machine as yet offered, sewing with two thread **GUARANTEED NO HUMBUG!** These machines will Gather, Hem, Stitch or Fell in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Our new and im proved hemmer will turn a hem of any width, stitching at the same time without any previous basting.

We warrant these Machines to be just what we here represent, and we guarantee to refund the money to any person who, after learning their use, is not satisfied with his bar-

Testimonials can be seen at the rooms, and reference iven.

E. T. BARRY & CO.,
Proprietors of the Patent for Middle and Eastern North June 20th, 1859.—244, 43-lawly WILMINGTON, N. C., 11th July, 1859.

Messis. E. T. Barry & Co.—Gentlemen:—
THE SEWING MACHINE of Scovil & Goodell's pattern which I purchased from you some time since, sews with great rapidity and neatness. Its great recommendations are its simplicity of construction and its adaptation to far ily use. The negroes and children about the house soon ac

Respectfully your ob't. serv't., July 15.—46-tf STOKLEY & OLDHAM are constantly manufacturing the BEST FAMILY FLOUR, at the CAPE FEAR FLOUR MILLS, Wilmington, N.

C. For sale at the Mills, and at their Store, No. 5 Water street : In whole barrels and half barrels; In whole barrels and half barrels;
In bags containing one-half;
In bags containing one-fourth;
In bags containing one-eigth;
They keep constantly on hand, at the Mill, and at their store, FRESH GROUND MEAL, HOMMINY, CRACK-ED CORN, COW FEED, SHORTS, BRAN, &c., &c.
They also keep for sale—
CORN at wholesale and retail;
OATS at wholesale and retail;
PEAS at wholesale and retail;

PEAS at wholesale and retail: HAY at wholesale and retail; Marshall's FINE SALT in sacks; Liverpool ground ALUM SALT, in sacks; North Carolina FLOUR on consignment. July 6, 1859.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been constituted Administrator of Owen Holmes, dec'd, at the present Term of the County Court of New Hanover County, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said dec'd, to make immediate payment; and to all persons having claims against E. D. HALL, Adm'r.

Wilmington, Dec. 12th. A. D., 1859. FOR CHRISTMAS. SO AS TO have Cooking done up nice call and buy one of the following Cookery Books, at KELLEY'S BOOK STORE. Miss Leslie's Revised Cookery Book; Widdifield's new Cookery Book;

Miss Acton's Modern Cookery; The Virginia House Wife. December 16th. HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y.

HARTFORD, CONN.
 Cash on band and in Bank,
 \$13,455
 22

 Cash in hand of Agents and in transit,
 54,827
 09

 Real Estate unencumbered, (cash value,)
 15,000
 60

 Real Estate unencumbered, (cash value,)
 15,000 to

 Bills Receivable, amply secured,
 73,174 50

 2,404 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford,
 230,413 00

 2,200 ** ** New York,
 197,750 00

 710 ** ** Boston,
 74,620 00

 100 Shares Bank of the State of Missouri,
 10,000 00

 State and City Bonds, 6 per cents,
 74,245 00

 Rail Road Stocks,
 16,250 00

 United States' Treasury Notes,
 14,035 00

DIRECTORS. CHARLES BOSWELL, JOY ALLYN, H. HUNTINGTON, JCHN P. BRACE, CHARLES J. RUSS. HENRY KENRY, CALVIN DAY, H. HUNTINGTON, President.

H. HUNTINGTON, President.

TIMO. C. ALLYN, Secretary.
C. C. LYMAN, Assistant Secretary.
WM. N. BOWERS, Actuary.

This old and reliable Company, established for nearly
FIFTY YEARS, continues to Insure against Loss or Damage
by Fire on Dwellings, Furniture, Warehouses, Stores, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, on its usual satisfactory terms.

Particular attention given to insuring Farm Property, consisting of Dwellings, Barns and Out-Buildings connected, and Furniture, Live Stock, Hay, Grain, Farming Utensils, &c., &c., contained in the same, for a term of three or five

years at low rates of premium.

Applications for Insurance may be made to the undersigned, the duly authorised Agent for Wilmington and vicinity.

Losses equitably adjusted at this Agency, and paid immediately, upon satisfactory proofs, in funds current in the cities of New York or Boston, as the assured may prefer.

H. R. SAVAGE, Agent.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 19, 1859 .- 141-26-1y* HE NEXT ORDINARY DRAWING OF THE ROYAL Havana Lottery, conducted by the Spanish Government, under the supervision of the Captain General of Cuba, will ander the supervision of the cake place at HAVANA, on

SATURDAY, December 17th, 1859. #360.000. SORTEO NUMERO 628 ORDINARIO. CAPITAL PRIZE_\$100,000 !

HEDRICK & BYAN.

All orders for Schemes or Tickets to be addressed

DOM BODRIGUEZ, care of City Post, Charleston, S. C.

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